THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

F. B. PENNIMAN, } Editors.
RUSSELL ERRETT, }
TH. COSTAMAN, Business Manager.

PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE ASSOCIATION, No. 88 FIFTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

TERMS:
One Year, by mail.....$6.00.
Served by Carriers, per week.....15.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOLUME LXXX.---NO. 66. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, MARCH 20, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

CITY ITEMS.

Cancer.

We publish below two letters to Dr. George H. Keyser, of No. 140 Wood street, in this city, showing cures of two cases of cancer away off in England. The Doctor has the original letters in his possession, which we have seen, and will be shown to any person wishing to satisfy themselves of their genuineness.—*Pittsburgh Gazette.*

Particular attention will be given to all diseases of the skin and hair, scrofula, ulcerated sore legs, &c., at his private office, No. 120 Penn street.

GOVILON, ABERGAVENY, MONMOUTHSHIRE, April 4th, 1865.

DEAR SIR: I have received the box with the bottles you sent me in due time. * * * *

I hope you will consign this box as directed, and please to mention in the directions of the note that the box contains glass, with a charge of great care. I am exceedingly obliged to you for paying the charges of the last, and for your kindness in sending it to me at the first opportunity. I have reason to believe that the medicine has done me good already. I have the pleasure to enclose the amount due for the last parcel, and for the same number of bottles again, as soon as you can possibly send them, and will remit to you the carriage charge, if you, with your former kindness, will please add another bottle, and I shall be thankful for all twich. My complaint is pronounced by two medical men to be "running cancer." I hope you will please send the next parcel as soon as you can. Direct to "John Morgan, Govilon, near Abergavenny, England."

N. B. Your last letter was delayed, because the direction was wanting, not having Govilon on it. Will you please give the amount for carriage due in English money.

Yours, respectfully, JOHN MORGAN.

MR. KEYSER, America.

GOVILON, ABERGAVENY, July 27, 1865.

DEAR SIR:—Your medicine, &c., is safe to hand, and in reply I beg to state that I have received much benefit from your treatment, but as I am afraid the medicine on hand will not be sufficient, I wish you to send me per first opportunity, four bottles more, and for that purpose I enclose two pounds, which please credit me with, and pay freight as before. When you write again please send statement of my account, and place the same in English money, as it is troublesome here to get any one that has mastered your coinage. It will gratify you to know that Ann Morgan, from Halenavon, who has been treated by you after being given up by all the medical men of the district, is now quite recovered, and doing well. She will be happy, if her testimony will be of any avail to you, to allow you to make it public in any way you please. Awaiting an early reply.

I remain, dear sir, very gratefully yours,

JOHN MORGAN.

CERTIFICATE.—Dr. Keyser: I take pleasure in making this voluntary statement in favor of your treatment and medicine. I suffered for three years with Cancer, which broke out on my face. I tried several skillful physicians, but they did me no good. I was in three hospitals and was sent out as incurable. *By that time it had eaten my nose entirely off my face; three pieces of bone came out of my forehead. It had also eaten the flesh off my cheek and neck.* I had given up all hopes of ever getting cured. My daughter sent me a few bottles of your medicine. I was very weak when I commenced taking your medicine, but I gained strength daily, so I continued to take it. I have taken in all twenty-five bottles of your medicine, and I am happy to say I am perfectly cured. It is a year since I am cured, and I have been healthier since than I was for years. I take the greatest pleasure in recommending your treatment to those who may be afflicted as I have been. * * * *

I feel it my duty to recommend it to all who suffer from Cancer. ANN MORGAN,
Wife of Thomas Morgan,
Blaenavon, Monmouthshire, England.
Dec. 9, 1865.

Hope for the Afflicted.

Consumption is a disease which has long been considered as one of those which defies the skill of man to cure, and consequently the poor consumptive patient is allowed to suffer on for days and nights, without even a hope of cure or relief. This mistaken notion has at length been dispelled, and it is now certain that consumption, when properly treated, is as curable as any other disease. This important and unquestionable fact has been proven in very many instances, by a gentleman, in this city, who has cured a great many cases of every form of lung disease, even after the lungs have been ulcerated and partly destroyed. The person to whom we allude is Dr. Geo. H. Keysey, of 140 Wood street, where he has been located for the past eighteen years, and within the past year has had a private office at 120 Penn street. Dr. Keyser is the proprietor of the Pectoral Syrup bearing his name, and advertised in another part of this *Gazette*. There will be found certificates in his column advertisement of well known and respectable citizens who have been cured by the medicine alone. Indeed, if persons afflicted with a common cough or cold were to resort to this remedy at the onset of the disease, there would be very few of those cases that would end in pulmonary consumption. How often have we heard in large congregations of people, nearly one-half of them coughing themselves into an incurable disease, when we knew that a seventy-five cent bottle of Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup would have cured, in less than two days, nearly every cougher present.

Vegetable Juices.

The medicinal properties of plants depend more on a proper care or the juices than anything else. A man in England, some years ago made a great reputation in curing rheumatism, by extracting the virtues from the plants while in a green state, which he used in that disease with perfect success, while the dried plant would not produce the same effect to the same extent. It is for this reason that Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher has such wonderful effect in curing all diseases having their origin in a morbid condition of the blood, or in depraved and cachetic status of the system. The roots and herbs used in the manufacture of this Blood Searcher, are all preserved in such a way as to prevent deterioration of their medicinal properties, hence its wonderful curative power. A restoration to health is sure to follow the use of this sublime remedy. The cures performed by it are numerous, and most of them are here in this city where the persons cured can be consulted as to their verity. Ask for Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher, and take no other. Price $1.50 per bottle.

Blood Searcher.

What does it mean? It means a medicine that will permeate all the emunctories and depurating organs of the human body, enabling and stimulating them to eliminate all the viscid and worn-out matter, as well as to strengthen the different functions of life, and imbue them with new energy. Tetter, erysipelas, the various skin diseases, and even cancer, has been cured by it. It is the very prince of medicines to help the languid listlessness of a departing winter into the buoyancy of spring. Prepared at Dr. Keyser's, No. 140 Wood street. Price, $1.50 per bottle.

Fall and Winter Goods.

It is with great pleasure we call the attention of our readers to the subperb stock of Fall and Winter Goods just received by Mr. John Feier, Merchant Tailor, in Federal street, Allegheny. The stock embraces some of the most beautiful Cloths, Cassimeres, Overcoatings and Vestings ever brought to the western Market. His assortment of Furnishing Goods, comprising Shirts, Drawers, Collars Neck Ties, Handkerchiefs, &c., cannot be surpassed east or west. A large stock of ready mad Pants Coats, Vests and Overcoats, will also be found in his establishment. Persons in want of anything in the c thing ine should not fail to give Mr. Weier a call.

Thomas W. Parry & Co.,

Practical Slate Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's near the Water Works Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 78 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after, it is put on.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop

Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line, at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

WILLIAM FORNEY.

Bear in Mind

That if you wish to procure liquor of any kind for medicinal purposes, there is just one establishment in the city where reliable, guaranteed articles can always be had. That place is Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street. Remember the place.

CITY ITEMS.

Homeopathic Medicines

At Fulton's Drug Store, Nos. 67 and 69 Fifth sts.

New Dry Goods,

Open every day and selling lower than you can buy them else where. Remember we are now on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets. C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Wholesale and Retail

Buyers of Dry Goods will find our new stock, now opening, cheaper than you have seen Dry Goods for a long time. Remember we are now on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets. C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

New Classes.

Now forming at Prof. Cowper's fashionable dancing academy, Wilkins Hall, Fourth street. Days of tuition: Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Ladies, masters and misses, 3 o'clock p. m.; gentlemen, 8 in the evening. Wilkins Hall to rent when disengaged by classes. Apply to Prof. Cowper, at the Hall.

A Clean Back Down.

Jack Dickson challenged two of Logan's coopers that him and one of his men could beat the best two of Logan's for $500. Logan's men went to him and presented the money, and offered to go in any shop in the city, when said Dickson backed out and would not stand his own challenge. A. B. JONES.
J. B. SEIGFRIED.

Home Again.

F. Marian Love, of the firm of C. Hanson Love & Bro., north-east corner of Fourth and Market streets, has just returned from the eastern cities, where he has been for several days attending the large auction sales, where he succeeded in getting some good bargains, which we will sell on a very small advance on eastern cost for cash. Remember we are now on the north-east corner of Fourth and Market streets. C. HANSON LOVE & BRO.

Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters

READ E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH'S LETTER.

PROSPECT COLLEGE, GEORGETOWN, D. C., April 2, 1865.

Messrs HOSTETTER & SMITH—*Gentlemen*: It gives me pleasure to add my testimonial to those of others in favor of your excellent preparation. Several years of residence on the banks of a southern river, and of close application to literary work, had so thoroughly exhausted my nervous system, and undermined my health, that I had become a martyr to dyspepsia and nervous headache, recurring at short intervals, and defying all known remedies in the Materia Medica. I had come to the conclusion that nothing but a total change of residence and pursuits would restore my health, when a friend recommended Hostetter's Bitters. I procured a bottle as an experiment; it required but one bottle to convince me that I had found at last the right combination of remedies. The relief it afforded me has been complete. It is now some years since I first tried Hostetter's Bitters, and it is but just to say that I have found the preparation all that it claims to be. It is a Standard Family Cordial with us, and even as a stimulant we like it better than anything else; out we use it in all nervous, bilious, and dyspeptic cases, from fever down to toothache. If what I have now said will lead any dyspeptic or nervous invalid to a sure remedy, I shall have done some good.

I remain gentlemen, respectfully yours,

E. D. E. N. SOUTHWORTH.

Hostetter's Bitters

Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Fourth street.

Internal Revenue Taxes---Pittsburgh Compared with other Principal Cities ---A Gratifying Exhibit.

OFFICE COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, TWENTY-SECOND COLLECTION DISTRICT, PA. PITTSBURGH, March 17, 1866.

Messrs. Editors:—I hand you, herewith, a detailed statement of the amount of Internal Revenue Taxes paid during the year commencing June 30th, 1865, and ending June 30, 1865, compiled from the Report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. This statement shows:

First—The amount of Taxes paid in the most important Districts in the Union.

Second—The Districts (in their order,) which have paid the largest Taxes during the year.

Third—The amount of Taxes paid on *Manufactures and Productions* in the most important manufacturing districts, &c., &c.

Fourth—The principal cities, classified in the order in which they stand as manufacturers and producers.

A great deal that might be said in explanation of these figures, but for the present, I will merely submit the statements.

Very Respectfully,

WM. LITTLE, Collector

List of the taxes paid by the most important districts in the United States, from June 30th, 1864, to June 30, 1865:

State.	District.	Principal cities.	Am't
Maine	1st	Portland	$1,149,135 98
New Hampshire	2d	Concord	1,330,842 41
Massachusetts	3d	Boston	4,807,325 57
Massachusetts	4th	Boston	2,847,186 04
Massachusetts	6th	Haverhill	2,764,086 77
Massachusetts	7th	Lowell	2,367,334 74
Massachusetts	8th	Worcester	1,405,202 05
Rhode Island	1st	Providence	2,792,621 61
Rhode Island	2d	Warwick	1,164,225 67
Connecticut	1st	Hartford	2,082,743 50
Connecticut	3d	New Haven	1,728,729 47
New York	1st	Brooklyn	2,100,958 86
New York	3d	Brooklyn	1,301,677 15
New York	4th	N. Y. City	3,863,529 10
New York	5th	N. Y. City	1,428,297 40
New York	6th	N. Y. City	3,000,783 27
New York	7th	N. Y. City	1,339,188 73
New York	8th	N. Y. City	5,047,198 40
New York	9th	N. Y. City	1,471,083 04
New York	16th	Albany	2,301,694 97
New York	18th	Troy	1,159,167 91
New York	23d	Syracuse	1,106,577 84
New York	28th	Rochester	1,012,681 03
New York	30th	Buffalo	1,872,371 86
New York	32d	N. Y. City	3,064,670 99
New York	35th	N. Y. City	3,902,473 47
Pennsylvania	1st	Philadelp'a	3,501,923 07
Pennsylvania	2d	Philadelp'a	2,192,546 69
Pennsylvania	3d	Philadelp'a	2,225,628 71
Pennsylvania	19th	West Phila	2,461,139 79
Pennsylvania	20th	Oil Regions	1,091,871 44
Pennsylvania	22d	Pittsburgh	3,184,946 25
Pennsylvania	23d	Allegheny	1,091,740 93
Maryland	1st	Baltimore	824,267 79
Maryland	2d	Baltimore	3,009,556 60
West Virginia	1st	Wheeling	467,475 44
Kentucky	3d	Louisville	1,947,985 19
Kentucky	4th	Covington	1,263,950 57
Tennessee	1st	Nashville	979,700 98
Ohio	1st	Cincinnati	3,283,865 47
Ohio	2d	Cincinnati	2,186,981 03
Ohio	3d	Dayton	1,324,459 74
Ohio	7th	Columbus	1,028,192 57
Ohio	15th	Cleveland	3,263,771 45
Illinois	1st	Chicago	3,696,023 26
Illinois	2d	Galena	1,454,971 87
Michigan	1st	Detroit	1,512,972 09
Wisconsin	1st	Milwaukee	1,070,207 94
Missouri	1st	St. Louis	4,087,102 17
California	1st	San Francisco	2,267,777 61

Classified list of those Districts which have paid internal revenue taxes over $2,000,000, from June 30, 1864, to June 30, 1865:

No. Dist.	Principal City.	Amount.
1. 23d	N. Y. City	$8,664,672 72
2. 4th	New York	N. Y. City	5,863,529 10
3. 8th	New York	N. Y. City	5,047,198 40
4. 3d	Massachusetts	Boston	4,807,325 57
5. 1st	Missouri	St. Louis	4,087,102 17
6. 5th	New Jersey	Newark	3,902,473 47
7. 1st	Pennsylvania	Philadelp'a	3,501,923 07
8. 1st	Illinois	Chicago	3,696,023 26
9. 1st	Ohio	Cincinnati	3,283,865 47
10. 2d	Pennsylvania	Philadelp'a	3,192,546 69
11. 22	Pennsylvania	Pittsburgh	3,184,946 25
12. 3d	Maryland	Baltimore	3,009,556 60
13. 2d	New York	Brooklyn	3,001,677 15
14. 6th	New York	N. Y. City	3,000,783 27
15. 1st	Rhode Island	Providence	2,792,621 61
16. 6th	Massachusetts	New Boston	2,764,086 77
17. 1st	California	S. Francisco	2,267,777 61
18. 8th	Massachusetts	Worcester	2,405,202 05
19. 4th	Pennsylvania	W. Philad'a	2,461,139 79
20. 7th	Massachusetts	Lowell	2,367,334 74
21. 4th	Massachusetts	Boston	2,347,186 04
22. 1st	New York	Albany	2,301,694 97
23. 3d	Pennsylvania	Philadel'a	2,225,628 71
24. 2d	Ohio	Cincinnati	2,186,981 03
25. 3d	New York	Brooklyn	2,100,958 86
26. 1st	Connecticut	Hartford	2,082,743 50
27. 18th	Ohio	Cleveland	2,063,771 45

The following table shows the amount of taxes paid on the manufactures and productions of the districts designated:

No. Dist't.	State.	Principal City.	Amount.
1.	4th	New York	N. Y. City	$4,447,825 00
2.	5th	New Jersey	Newark	2,629,033 92
3.	32d	New York	N. Y. City	2,566,777 07
4.	1st	Penn'a	Phila	2,377,938 82
5.	6th	Massach'tts	Haverhill &c.	2,252,557 98
6.	3d	Massachu'tts	Boston	2,175,056 50
7.	22d	Penn'a	Pittsburgh	2,142,828 80
8.	8th	Massach'tts	Worcester	2,075,194 87
9.	1st	Missouri	St. Louis	2,045,098 50
10.	1st	Ohio	Cincinnati	1,931,950 56
11.	1st	Rhode Island	Providence	1,778,006 11
12.	2d	Massach'tts	Boston	1,524,630 80
13.	1st	Illinois	Chicago	1,525,038 47
14.	1st	Connecticut	Hartford	1,465,456 74
15.	2d	Connecticut	New Haven	1,262,128 15
16.	18th	Ohio	Cleveland	1,238,349 70
17.	2d	Ohio	Cincinnati	1,238,361 91
18.	2d	N. Hamp'e	Concord	1,193,019 75

The following table shows the order in which the principal manufacturing cities stand in respect to manufactures, without regard to population:

No.		
No. 1.	New York	Seven districts.
No. 2.	Philadelphia	Four districts.
No. 3.	Boston	Two districts.
No. 4.	Newark,	
No. 5.	Cincinnati	Two districts.
No. 6.	Pittsburgh	Not includ'g Allegh'y.
No. 7.	St. Louis,	
No. 8.	Providence.	
No. 9.	Chicago.	
No. 10.	Hartford.	
No. 11.	New Haven.	
No. 12.	Cleveland.	
No. 13.	Troy.	

The district in which are Worcester, Lowell, Fall River, and other Eastern manufacturing cities and towns, are not estimated in the above, as they comprise a number of small villages and towns, and cannot be properly classified.

NOTE—The above was intended for publication in our paper of Monday, but owing to the oversight it did not come to hand until yesterday.]

THE LATEST NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

OUR SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, March 19, 1866.

SENATE.

Mr. Bigham presented the remonstrance of certain citizens of Allegheny county against the bill relating to McGee's Ferry. Also, the petition of James Wood, of Allegheny county, on the same subject.

Mr. Graham presented fourteen petitions of the citizens of Allegheny and Pittsburgh, asking for the passage of a bill enabling the Cleveland and Mahoning Railroad Company to extend their road to Pittsburgh. Also, a resolution of the Councils of the city of Pittsburgh, in favor of the same, and recommending a general railroad law.

BILLS READ IN PLACE.

Mr. Bigham, an act for the relief of J. M. Foss, of Allegheny county; also an act authorizing St. Johns Church of Lawrenceville to increase the number of vestry; also an act to increase the rates of township and plank roads in Allegheny county; also a supplement to an act incorporating the National Railroad and Transportation Company.

Mr. Hoge, an act relative to tubing and plugging oil wells.

Mr. Graham, an act relating to the opening of streets, roads and alleys in the borough of Allegheny.

Mr. Landon, an act authorizing Courts to receive certified copies of military records in evidence.

BILLS PASSED.

The act relating to goods, wares and merchandise in store and in transit, and to make receipts and bills of lading thereof negotiable. An act authorizing the Judicial, State, County and Borough Officers to be voted for on separate slips. Adjourned.

HOUSE.

Petitions were presented by Mr. Glass, of the citizens of Allegheny, relative to the Mahoning & Cleveland Railroad; also, a remonstrance against a bill relative to McKee's Ferry. Mr. Herron, an act in favor of a law relative to the weighing of heavy merchandise. Mr. Slack, an act in favor and against the new license.

BILLS PASSED.

An act relative to the opening of Courts in Greene county. An act to incorporate the Peoples' Line of Steamers on the Monongahela river. To extend the act of April 22d, 1864, relative to School Directors in Allegheny county.

BILLS IN PLACE.

By Mr. Herron—A bill relative to the weighing of heavy merchandize.

An act to incorporate the Connellsville Mining Company.

By Mr. Glass—An act relative to the license in in Allegheny county.

By Mr. Slack—An act to authorize different wards, boroughs, &c., in Allegheny county, to levy a tax for bounty purposes.

By Mr. Negley—An act to change the time of holding Court in the Seventeenth Judicial District.

Adjourned.

THE PROPOSED NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD

Proceedings of the Texas Convention.

THE LATE INDIAN TREATY.

The New Orleans Mayoralty and the President.

NEW YORK, March 19—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: A large number of the citizens of the Northern Territories met in Washington on Saturday for the purpose of expressing their views as to the practicability of the proposed north ern route of the Pacific Railroad. A committee of five was appointed to prepare an address urging Congress to grant the aid asked for, after which the meeting was addressed by several gentlemen present.

The *Herald's* special says: President Johnson yesterday received a telegram from A. J. Hamilton, Provisional Governor of Texas, giving a more hopeful account of the doings of the State Convention than any that have found their way North. Governor Hamilton in his dispatches sums up by saying, that although the Convention had been in session one month without accomplishing anything material, measures similar to those adopted by Alabama were likely to prevail, that there will be no trouble whatever concerning a repudiation of the State debt, and that the Freedmen will be treated more satisfactorily than by most of the other States. The principal difference of opinion was whether the ordinance of secession should be merely repealed, or declared absolutely null from the beginning.

The report of E. W Wynkoop, Major in the United States army, and special Indian Agent, dated Fort Larned, Kansas, March 1866, and enclosing the treaty with the Arapahoe and Cheyenne Indians, has been received at the Indian Bureau. The treaty was signed on Bluff Creek, Little Arkansas river, Kansas, March 1st, 1866, and bears the signatures of twelve Chiefs. Among the number is the notorious Black Kettle, who has for so long been a terror to the frontier, and the fact of his signing the treaty is an assurance of the future peace and safety of the outer settlements. Major Wynkoop considers the question of free trade carried on by irresponsible parties, and attributes all the difficulties to the introduction of contraband articles, and the admission of unqualified men.

The expedition brought in a young girl fifteen years of age, named Amanda Fletcher, captured in August last, near Fort Halleck.

The *Herald's* Washington special gives the following as facts, regarding the reported Presidential interference in the municipal election of New Orleans: Mr. Monroe, the present Mayor of the city, telegraphed to the President on the 16th inst., expressing doubts as to the fitness of his successor elect, Mr. Mouton, and requesting the Executive that he should yield the succession. The President replied as follows by telegraph: I have no information to give in regard to surrendering the mayoralty of New Orleans to the person elected to fill the position. I have no information showing that the election was not regular, or that the individual who has been elected cannot qualify. In the absence of such proof the presumption is that the election was according to law, and that the person elected can take the oath of allegiance and so administered. The President says he is not known that efforts were being made to keep him out of office, and telegraphed to the President yesterday that he had been regularly elected Mayor of New Orleans, and that he is loyal to the Union and enthusiastically in favor of the reconstruction policy of the President as any man living. The President replied to this, by repeating the telegram sent to Mr. Kennedy, thus leaving the matter where it justly belongs, to the people of New Orleans, and the civil and military laws that govern such cases.

UNWHOLESOME MEATS SEIZED IN NEW YORK.

CONTINUED SALE OF FENIAN BONDS.

GOLD DISCOVERY IN NEW JERSEY.

THE VALUE OF GOLD AND SILVER ASSAYED.

Senator Stewart's Amnesty Resolutions.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The Sanitary Police continue to make seizures of the unwholesome veal in the city markets.

The sale of Fenian bonds continues unabated at O'Mahoney's headquarters.

The house painters of this city and Brooklyn are on a strike for an increase of wages. They receive three dollars per day, and demand three dollars and fifty cents.

A material deposit of gold has been discovered in Passaic and Sussex counties, New Jersey, of an average yield of twenty-four dollars per ton.

A bill has been introduced into the Legislature at Albany to establish a board of Railroad Commissioners to secure the safe construction and management of railroads in New York State. It provides for an examination of track structure, switches, engines, and cars. It licenses engineers and brakesmen, and provides for the prosecution and general regulation of companies and employers.

The value of gold and silver bullion assayed by public and private assayers during the fiscal year ending June 30th, amounted to $22,000,000, of which sum $56,000,000 was the value of bullion coined in the Pacific States. Estimating the assayed gold and silver in the Pacific States at about $40,000,000, the production of gold and silver in 1866 would amount to $61,000,000. The estimated production in 1863 was $48,000,000 giving an increase in two years of $13,000,000.

Washington despatches state that there is good authority for saying that the resolutions introduced by Senator Stewart, of Nevada, on Friday last, proposing general amnesty in exchange for universal suffrage, was suggested and prepared by Hon. Henry S. Foote, father-in-law of Mr. Stewart, and Senator Foote, a States Senator from Mississippi, Mr. Foote, as is well known, has recently advocated universal suffrage.

It is said that the rejection of the bill regulating trade with the British Provinces by no means disposes of the subject. It is thought that another effort will be made to pass another less objectionable measure, or rather the subject to a joint committee to mature a basis of reciprocity.

LATEST FOREIGN ADVICES.

Abolition of Church Rates Discussed.

FENIAN AFFAIRS UNCHANGED.

GERMAN CRISIS IMMINENT.

State of the Markets.

PORTLAND, March 19.—The steamer Peruvian from Liverpool and Londonderry on the 9th, arrived here this evening.

In the House of Commons on the 7th, the annual bill for the abolition of church rates was debated. Messrs. Gladstone and Bright spoke in favor of the question being compromised some way or other. The bill was passed to a second reading by a vote of 288 to 252. The announcement of the vote was received with loud cheering. It is thought that the vote indicates an early solution of the question, although the present bill will doubtless be rejected by the House of Lords as usual.

The *Owl* says: The American Government has intimated that it is in possession of full information as to the movement of Fenians in the United States, and will not permit any acts obnoxious to the British government of which its laws can take cognizance.

Fenian affairs are unchanged. Unimportant arrests continue.

Satterthwait's Circular of the evening of the 7th, says: Dealings in American securities have been on a somewhat limited scale. Towards the close of last week, there was a strong disposition to buy Five-Twenty bonds, and on Saturday, prior to the Australasian's news, they were bought up to 71, but have since reacted on sales to realize profits, closing at 70¾. Railroad shares have sympathized in the downward movement, Illinois Central closing at 77¾@78¾ and Erie at 33¾@34¾.

The London *Owl* says a German crisis is imminent. The Prussian Government has dispatched to Vienna a summons in respect to Holstein, which is as peremptory in its tone as its demands. Bismarck is ready to face a war and its consequence. Austria must at once take up the gauntlet, or yield to Prussia in a somewhat ignominious manner.

The *Monitor* says that a majority of the plenipotentiaries have already been invested with the necessary powers to attend the Congress, relating to the principalities, about to be held at Paris.

The Turkish corps of observation on the Danube is stated at over twenty-two thousand men, and a reserve corps of eighteen thousand men is to be stationed at Schuma.

It is stated that Austria will probably take precautionary military measures in Transylvania and Bukowissa.

London Money Market.—Consols are steady, but rather firmer. Discount is unchanged. The bank rate remains at 7 per cent.

LATEST—By telegraph to Londonderry—Liverpool, March 9.—The London *Post* asserts that public feeling is excited about reform.

The total number of persons arrested under the suspension of the habeas corpus act up to last night is 175, of whom 42 are Irish Americans. Forty have been discharged.

LATEST—*Liverpool Cotton Market, March 9.*—The sales of Cotton for the week were 94,000 bales, including 6,500 bales to speculators and 13,000 for export. The market is firm, but unchanged for American; sales to-day 20,000 bales, including 7,000 to speculators and exporters; market closing dull and unchanged. The quotations are: Orleans fair 20¾d; middling 19¾d; Mobile 20d; fair 19¾; middling, uplands and fair 19, 18 and 16d; middling 15½d. Stock 1 nport 367,000 bales, including 265,000 bales of American.

The Manchester market is active with an advancing tendency.

The breadstuffs market was very dull except for corn, which was advancing. Provisions—the market is firm. Lard has an upward tendency. Consols closed at 88¾@88¾ for money.

The weekly return of the Bank of England shows an increase on bullion of $84,000. American Securities—United States Five-Twenties, 70⅝@70¾; Illinois Central, 77¾; Erie, 33¾@34½; Atlantic Telegraph, 9.

LATER—*London, March 10.*—The Atlantic Telegraph meeting unanimously approved the arrangements of the Directors for laying the cable this year.

Property of Neutrals at Sea---The Mexican Question.

NEW YORK, March 19.—European dies bring an important speech of Attorney-General Palmer, in the debate on the petition of Mr. Gregory to the Queen, to use her influence to make private property of neutrals at sea exempt from seizure. He contended it would not be for the interest of England to relinquish her supremacy on the ocean, and she would be better able to meet the dangers of a maritime war than any other power He opposed the petition.

The *Times'* Paris correspondent writes: The Foreign Government has received despatches from Washington which put an end to the Mexican question. The terms appear to those of our government, evacuation within a fixed time and non-interference during evacuation. The Emperor was heard to say, lately, that his own people and the American people are against him, and that the two people did not comprehend it as he comprehended it, but that it would be foolish on his part to make a policy when encountered by so much hostility, and that it was his duty, under the circumstances, to cede. So long, however, as he remained in Mexico, he would not sanction the abandonment of Maximilian without resenting it, much as he would regret to go to war with the people of the United States, whom he liked and respected. With such dispositions on both sides, it is easy to see that an understanding was to have been looked for, and was, in fact, the only logical solution for the question.

The debates in the Chamber are still very hot, and the conduct of the Minister towards the House has been all along most unbecoming. Such an insolent, overbearing air of Church strength, although it is believed not fatally, injured. The assailant has not been identified.

A large fire occurred at Hutton's Station. No particulars.

The celebration on the 17th was *small*. The Fenians say that all their able bodied troops were sent to the frontier a few days ago. There is to be a grand Fenian ball at Music Hall to-night.

Letter Thief Arrested---Hudson River Steamers.

NEW YORK, March 19.—An organized band of letter thieves has been recently discovered by the post office detectives in this city, and on Saturday last an important arrest was made.

It is expected the steamers St. John and Erastus Corning will go up the Hudson river to-night.

A new vessel has been built for the People's Line, and named after Daniel Drew. It will be launched in a few days.

Steamer U. S. Grant Sunk.

OMAHA, March 19.—The steamer U. S. Grant, from St. Louis for upper Missouri, sunk in an ice gorge, near the mouth of the Platte, yesterday. The loss is estimated at a hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The passengers and crew were all saved.

Loan Bill Reconsidered.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The House by a vote of 41 yeas, against 40 nays, has reconsidered the vote by which the loan bill was rejected on Friday.

CONSCIENCE MONEY RETURNED.

Progress of the Cholera in Europe.

THE CATTLE PLAGUE STILL SPREADING.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—On Monday evening last, just as the Secretary of the Treasury arrived at his residence from the department, his door bell rang and young man was admitted, who said he had been a soldier in the Union army and had come to the Secretary on business which he felt he could no longer neglect. While in the service he had, through the mistake of some disbursing officer, been overpaid $300. Although he had used this money, yet his conscience would no longer permit him to conceal the fact, and he had directly approached the secretary to unburden his mind. "Here," said he, addressing the Secretary, "are $200 which I wish to return now. I have loaned $200, which will be returned to me soon, and then I will pay you the balance."

The United States Consul at La Rochelle, France, in his dispatches to the Department of State, dated February 20th, recommends that rigid quarantine be enforced against vessels from the ports of Caen, Brest, La Rochelle and Bordeaux. He says the cholera appears to be moving along the western coast of France, and is now at Sables D'Alouns. From present appearances he thinks it will pass along the coast through La Rochelle and Bordeaux into Spain.

Our Consul at Carros Isle, of Greece, having had considerable experience in connection with cholera, gives to the Government several suggestions for the improvement of quarantine. He recommends that vessels take on board, at the port of departure, health officers sworn by, and responsible to, our authorities, and chosen with the approval of our Consul at each port of departure, on whose report that no symptom of cholera had manifested itself on board during the voyage, the vessel might be admitted to pratique, the time occupied in the voyage to be counted as part of quarantine.

Our Consul at Amsterdam writes to the Department of State, under date of February 20, that the cattle plague is still spreading, and it is feared that it will infect the whole country. The farmers are so opposed to killing infected cattle, that in some instances the military have had been employed to enforce obedience to the law.

XXXVIIth CONGRESS---FIRST SESSION

WASHINGTON, March 19, 1866.

SENATE.

Mr. Sumner presented the petition of the citizens of New York, earnestly asking that no State that rebelled, shall be admitted as a governing partner into the Union, without adequate security for the future. Referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

Mr. Sumner also presented the petition of the citizens of Jefferson county, Penna., asking for an amendment to the Constitution prohibiting any State from making any distinctions in civil rights among the naturalized citizens of the United States, or among persons born on American soil, on account of race or color. Referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

Mr. Sumner presented two petitions in favor of prohibiting, and deserts, by privates, sailors and soldiers who have disappeared and who are supposed to have been murdered by rebels, &c.

Mr. Aucona introduced the following concurrent resolution, and moved the previous question:

Resolved, (the Senate concurring,) That the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, adjourn their respective Houses for the present session, on Tuesday, the —— day of May, at 12 o'clock, noon.

The previous question was seconded.

Mr. Washburne asked whether it was in order to fill the blank with the last Thursday in May.

The Speaker—Not unless unanimous consent is given.

Mr. Anthony, of Rhode Island, objected.

Mr. Morrill remarked that such a resolution was premature until the appropriation bills were passed, and he called for the yeas and nays upon it. The yeas and nays were ordered, resulted as follows: Yeas 80, nays 64; so the concurred resolution was carried.

Mr. Grimes, of New Hampshire, introduced a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to report, at an early day, a bill to equalize the bounties of all soldiers and sailors who were mustered into the service of the United States.

Mr. Van Horn, of Missouri, introduced a bill for the relief of loyal sufferers on the public domain, which was referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. Kelly, of Pennsylvania, introduced a bill to establish a branch mint at Denver City, which was read twice, and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Kelly, of Pennsylvania, introduced a resolution declaring that, in the opinion of the House of Representatives, the Representatives from the rebel States, who can take the oath, are, under the existing laws, entitled to their seats, and should be admitted as members of the House.

The resolution was laid on the table by the order of the House, the resolution should be referred to the Reconstruction Committee.

Mr. Kelly did not during the reference, withdraw the resolution.

Mr. McCullough, of Maryland, introduced a resolution requiring the Secretary of War to report the number of loyal officers, both volunteer and regular, employed in the Quartermaster's Department, and also why Corcoran's Art Building is still used by that department.

After some debate made, the resolution went under the rule.

After a speech from Mr. Conkling, the previous question was seconded, and the bill was recommitted without instructions, to the Committee on Ways and Means.

The following Constitutional amendment was introduced by Mr. Morrill, of Illinois:

"No person, except a citizen of the United States, who has at all times borne true allegiance thereto, shall ever hold any office under the United States. Congress shall pass the necessary laws to prevent a violation of this article."

Mr. Schenck's motion to reconsider the loan bill was taken up. A vote to lay it on the table resulted: Yeas, 70; nays, 78.

Mr. Broomall entreated the Committee on Ways and Means to report a recommittal.

Mr. Boutwell followed in the same strain, saying that such a vast power would be a standing menace to the business interests of the United States.

Mr. Garfield defended the bill, insisting that the power of the Secretary would not be used against producers and manufacturers, but would be directed to prevent gold from falling as rapidly as he desired to see it. He had no notion of contracting the currency suddenly.

Mr. Garfield declined to agree to recommit the bill, and it was brought to a vote on a motion to reconsider. Yeas—81. Nays—67.

Mr. Stirling, (of New York,) recommitt, said his impression was general that our finances were in a bad way. Gold and silver were the only permanent standards of values. We were in a state of inflated currency. We would not reach specie payments at a single step. All meant to resume as soon as possible, but when can we is the issue. This was not a party question.

Mr. Conkling moved to recommit the bill for a practical purpose so as to make it acceptable to the Union party.

The bill was recommitted without instructions.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, MARCH 20, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in, except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of cash payments for advertisements of the character stated, will be inflexibly enforced.

The price of our Morning and Evening editionsis THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys, Served by carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

A CASE STATED.

Many years ago, we frequently conversed with the first white man born on the Western Reserve, in Ohio. This was before the days of railroads. His experiences antedated the construction of the Erie Canal, which connects the waters of the Hudson River with those of Lake Erie. He described the manner in which his father recounted to him the tedious emigration from Connecticut to Ohio. Reaching the Hudson with a small company, they embarked in a sloop, which took them to Albany. There they obtained passage on a boat, which was forced up the current of the Mohawk, by men working with long poles. Towards the head of that river, at a very early day, a rude connection had been made with the waters falling into Lake Ontario. Following this route, the little company reached the Lake. There they pitched their tent, and fell to work constructing a small boat. When it was finished, their scanty goods were put on board, and they toilsomely crept along the coast up to the mouth of the Niagara, and then up that stream as far as Lewiston. Here a portage had to be made around the rapids and the falls. It was a slow and exhausting labor to haul the goods and boat to near Black Rock. At last this point was attained, and the party again embarked, and, hugging the shore, finally reached the mouth of the Cuyahoga.

Next came the work of building log houses. They had axes with which to cut the logs, but no horses or cattle with which to draw them. House building, with only such scant accessories, was a hardship; but finally it was accomplished. Then followed the labor of clearing narrow fields and getting in, as best it could be done, some crops. At length other settlers arrived from Connecticut by land, bringing a few cattle and horses with them. By exchanging labor, house-building and field-clearing became easier.

The soil was reasonably good, but it took the proceeds of an acre to buy a pound of tea of the trader at the point where Cleveland now stands. All other needful commodities were purchased, if at all, at corresponding rates. The prices demanded by the trade were regulated by the cost and risk of getting goods in and carrying the produce of the soil out; and the adventurous pioneers had to pay the charges of transportation both ways.

By and by, one after another, came in the blacksmith, the shoemaker, the carpenter, the mason, and the tailor. These became consumers of agricultural products. There was established, on the spot, an exchange of the results of labor. Costs of transportation were lessened. The trader, or middle-man, made no gains by these exchanges, but the gains were made by the exchangers themselves, in the form of diminished prices. Indeed, it did not matter what prices were put on the commodities exchanged, so long as the prices on one side were ratable to the prices on the other. Labor is the real measure of value.

So the settlement went on, increasing in numbers, by fresh arrivals from the east and by births. Employments became more and more diversified. Broad farms appeared in the wilderness; mills were erected; villages arose; roads were made; ships floated on the lake; piers were formed at the mouth of the river; canals were dug; railroads were laid; a city existed; our family had become a hundred thousand. At last the produce of an acre would buy a hundred pounds of tea; and the acre had risen from the value of a dollar and a quarter to be worth a thousand dollars; in some instances, ten thousand.

A consistent British free-trader,—if such an one had by chance fallen in upon that infant settlement—would have told the adventurous borderers that it was foolish for them to desire mechanics and manufacturers to come into their neighborhood; that all the articles they required could be bought much cheaper in London, Liverpool, Birmingham and Manchester than they could be made in Ohio; and that the part of genuine wisdom consisted in buying goods where goods were cheapest.

Every man of sense perceives that such advice, followed out, would have been fatal to all progress: that the settlers would have totally failed of success as agriculturists and been forced to betake themselves to hunting and fishing as the only means of eking out a precarious existence. Free-trade would have reduced the settlers to barbarism.

This instance—a common one—illustrates and enforces the whole doctrine and practice of Protection to Domestic Industry. The only way to cheapen commodities—not in nominal but in relative price—is to lessen or facilitate the changes in place; that is, the transportation of substances between the places where they grow or are produced and the places where they are required for use. Herein is one of the grand secrets of individual competence and opulence and of national increase and power.

AN ACCOMMODATING PARTY.—The democratic party is a very accommodating one, so far as accommodating itself to circumstances is concerned. All through the war, it distinguished itself in Pennsylvania by its hostility to the soldier; but as soon as the war was over it put up two soldiers as candidates on the State ticket to catch the soldiers' vote! So long as the constitutional amendment abolishing Slavery was in doubt they opposed it and denounced every one who voted for it; as soon as it is adopted they declare that they endorse it cordially!

In Connecticut for four years past, they have contested the State as the ultra pro-slavery, anti-war party; this year they put up a candidate for Governor who voted for the anti-slavery constitutional amendment and for the Abolition of Slavery in the District of Columbia, whom they themselves burnt in effigy for these very votes:

In Indiana their platform for years past has been based on the doctrine that the government has no power to coerce a State to stay in the Union, and therefore the war was all wrong; now they head their ticket with a soldier who fought in that war, and declare that no state has the right or power to get out of the Union!

No party ever before showed such facility in changing; yet with all its changes it never manafests change to the right side.

THERE seems to be no let-up to the business of importing foreign goods. Last week the receipts at New York were of the value of $7,240,000—gold value.

KENTUCKY.

There are three factions in Kentucky. First, that of the old line Whig fossils, who learn nothing and forget nothing; it is led by the Louisville *Journal*, and has called a Convention to meet May 7th. Second, that of the returned Rebels and their sympathisers, embracing the larger part of the old Democratic party; it is led by the Louisville *Courier*, and holds its Convention May 7th. Third, that portion of the old Democratic party that was too cowardly to fight in the Rebel army or sympathise with it openly, and too treasonable to support the Government honestly; it is led by the Louisville *Democrat*, and refuses to hold any Convention.

All these factions are pro-slavery and reactionary. There is, practically, no difference between them, and an outsider marvels at their non-agreement in action. Yet it is a fortunate thing that they do *not* agree. The only hope for the State is in their mutual hatred of each other.

There is also a party in the State calling itself "Radical," but it lacks backbone. If it had a leader of any nerve it might do something for the State; but as it is, it merely follows the other factions afar off, and tries to pick up a few crumbs of comfort by protesting that it is *not* "Radical," after all.

THE *National Intelligencer* assumes to be the organ of President JOHNSON, in an intimate and personal sense. Before the election in New Hampshire, it said:

"A vote for the so-called Union party in New Hampshire or Connecticut, as things are, is an endorsement of Congress against the President."

After the election in New Hampshire the same paper claimed the victory of "the so-called Union party" as "virtually a Radical defeat" and an endorsement of the President!

THE NEW ORLEANS ELECTION.—By the dispatches published this morning it appears that the President has *not* ordered the New Orleans election to be set aside. So those Conservatives who attempted to make capital out of that supposed proof of the President's loyalty, were a little premature.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.—WILLIAM REYNOLDS (Rep.) has been elected Mayor of Meadville. The Republicans do not make any fuss over their victories, regarding them as a matter of course.

CAPTURE OF HOLLAND BY THE DUTCH. The copperheads have carried Harrisburg, as they have done every year from time immemorial. Their rejoicing over it is because they didn't lose it.

GENERAL NEWS.

A NOMINEE REJECTED.—The confirmation of Mr. E. T. Parker, who was recently appointed Surveyor of the Port of New Orleans by Mr. Johnson, was rejected by the Senate. This gentleman was the rebel Sheriff of New Orleans prior to its capture by our forces, and had charge of the Union prisoners captured at Bull Run. He was also director of the Confederate States Leather Company. Representations to this effect made to the Senate by many of the Union prisoners so held by him, as well as by the loyal men of New Orleans, caused his rejection.

THE CHOLERA.—It looked, a few weeks ago, that the cholera would approach this country, if it came at all, by way of the Southern coast. After its ravages in the French West India Islands had been somewhat allayed, it would seem that it leaped at one bound from Guadaloupe to Dominica; and it had not much further than the distance between these two islands to travel, to reach our Southern seaboard. Some, at least, of our Southern cities are paying close attention to quarantine, and it is advisable that they should all do so.—*N. Y. Times.*

As an instance of the spread of divorce in the West, we are told that there are at present living in Columbus, Wisconsin, two women and a man who has been married to the women aforesaid. The man has been married four times, has now two wives living, and has no wife. The first woman has been married three times, has two husbands living, and has no husband. The second woman has been married twice, has two husbands living, and has no husband.

THE Union Association of the Seventh Assembly District—represented by Mr. Raymond in Congress—had a spirited debate at its meeting last evening, on the policy of the President. Mr. Raymond's friends carried the amendment indorsing that policy by a meagre majority of four, but were willing enough to adjourn without taking a vote on the resolution of approval of both the President and Congress. *N. Y. Tribune.*

A FARMER in Chesterfield county, Virginia, recently brought a suit against a Frenchman for selling him a deaf mule; he had "geed, whoased and hawed", until he was hoarse, but the mule would neither gee, whoa, nor haw, consequently he was a deaf mule. The reply of the Frenchman was—*Parblen*; ze mewel is not deaf; ze mewel no understand ze English you talk to him. The case holds over to the next term.

NEW YORK contains 311 churches, of which 61 are Protestant Episcopal, 43 Presbyterian, 35 Methodist Episcopal, 32 Roman Catholic, 29 Baptist, 25 Jewish synagogues, 19 Dutch Reformed, 9 Lutheran, 6 United Pre-byterian, 5 Reformed Presbyterian, 5 Congregationalist, 4 Universalist, 3 Unitarian, 3 African Methodist, 3 Friends', 1 Methodist Protestant, and 18 which come under the heading of "miscellaneous."

THE FREEDMEN'S SCHOOLS.—The American Missionary Association now have 11 colored schools in the Shenandoah Valley with 1,800 pupils. The most difficulty in establishing one was found in Lexington, when the scholars of Mr. Lee's college combined with the populace in making strenuous efforts against it. In Richmond there are now 1,100 blacks attending school.

A PHYSICIAN in New York was called to attend a patient with the scarlet fever. He found a pig pen in the house, into which had been thrown every kind of rubbish for weeks. It was too much for the hogs even, for one had been carried out dead some time before. The doctor asked the people why they kept the hogs in the house. The reply was, "They keep us warm."

THE Logansport (Indiana) *Journal* says: For the first time in the history of our courts, a negro woman, Mrs. Amanda Lindsey, *nee* Hill, was admitted to testify in the Cass Circuit Court, on last Tuesday, in the case of the State of Indiana against Wise. Objections were made by the attorneys for the defense, which were overruled by his Honor, Judge Biddle.

THE Legislature of New Mexico has passed an act calling a Convention to prepare a State Constitution. There are to be twice as many delegates as there are members of the Territorial Council and House of Representatives. The election of delegates was to take place on the first Monday in March, and the Convention meets on the fifth Monday in April.

MR. PHILIP NICKLIN DALLAS, the only son of the late George M. Dallas, died on Thursday last, in Philadelphia, in the 41st year of his age. He was a member of the bar, and while his father was the American Minister to England, he was Secretary of Legation. Mr. Dallas was a very estimable gentleman, and his loss is very much regretted.

THE effect of the decline in cotton upon the manufacturing interest is indicated by the fact that a few days since a large manufacturing house at Providence, R. I., failed for about $1,000,000, through having on hand a large amount of cotton purchased at high prices, and also a heavy stock of manufactured goods.

A FAMILY of five persons resided upon a farm in Derry, New Hampshire, for a period of fifty-three years, during which time there was neither a birth, death, or marriage in the family. Neither did they during the time put a letter into the Post Office, take one out, or take a newspaper.

SENTENCE OF A WOMAN FOR KILLING A FREEDMAN.—The Raleigh (N. C.) *Standard* says that Mrs. Elizabeth Ball, a white woman, tried in that city by a military commission for killing James Thomas, a negro, has been sentenced to one year's confinement in a penitentiary.

AN ENGLISH DIVORCE CASE.—A scandalous divorce case has been tried in London. The petitioner was Mr. Cavendish, whose wife, a daughter of Lord Clare, eloped with Lord Cecil Gordon. The jury gave Mr. Cavendish a verdict of £10,000 damages.

DURING the examination of a witness as to the locality of the stairs in a house, the counsel asked him: "Which way did the stairs run?" The witness replied, "One way they ran up stairs, but the other way they ran down stairs."

BY the last census of London, it appears that there are more Scotchmen there than in Edinburgh, more Irishmen than in Dublin, and more Jews than in Palestine.

THE value of gold and silver bullion assayed by the public and private assayers, during the year 1865, amounted to $83,252,000 of which sum $56,000,000 was the value of bullion assayed in the Pacific States. Estimating the value of the unassayed bullion at $5,000, the total value of treasure produced in 1865 amounted to $61,000,000, an increase in two years of $13,000.

AN Australian paper records the death, at the age of forty-one, of James Morill, an English sailor, who was wrecked on the northeastern coast of Australia; and lived seventeen years among the Mount Isaac aborigines. He had forgotten his mother tongue when he was restored to civilized life, about two years since.

AN Irish schoolmaster is teaching the Mexicans English at twenty-five cents per lesson. His pupils progress rapidly, and now approach every American with "An' faith, how are ye?" "The top of the mornin' to ye," &c., &c. There is some suspicion that the "master" is a Fenian.—*Mexican Correo.*

THE NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.—The latest and fullest returns from the New Hampshire election give the result in the State, with the exception of 29 small towns, giving Gov. Smyth 33,634 votes, to 28,414 for John G. Sinclair, his Democratic opponent. By this count Smyth's majority is 5,220 votes.

THE oldest stove, probably, in the United States, is one which warms the hall of Virginia's Capitol in Richmond. It was made in England, and sent to Virginia in 1770, and warmed the House of Burgesses for 60 years before it was removed to its present location, where it has been for 30 years.

GENERAL SHERMAN has written a letter, which General Grant endorses, recommending the employment of Indians on the frontier and on the prairies as mounted scouts, relieving our cavalry from that harassing duty, which involves large expense when they are so employed.

SIR MORTON PETO has recorded his experiences and observations in Canada and the United States, in a work entitled "The Prospects and Resources of America, ascertained during a visit to the States in the Autumn of 1865," just announced in London.

A LETTER from Florence Nightingale, dated at London, February 23, speaks of her health as even more delicate than it has been. She says: "I am always and entirely a prisoner to my room, and latterly to one position."

A CHICAGOAN named Lawson has been appointed Collector of that port in place of Hon. L. G. Haven, deceased. Lawson is a Radical Republican, and secures the position through the influence of Hon. John Wentworth.

THERE is a blind lawyer at Stafford, N. H., who, in addition to doing a comfortable law business, carries on a farm, a claim agency and two stores, in which goods are sold annually to the amount of about $25,000.

THE cholera still prevails in Southern Russia, where the mildness of the winter has produced a great deal of illness. At Moscow there have been so many cases of typhoid fever lately that the hospitals are full.

THE Earl of Donoughmore is just dead. He was one of the most rabid secessionists in England and entertained Mr. Mason and other Southern refugees at his mansion in Ireland called Knocklofty.

MICHIGAN ELECTIONS.—The charter elections which have been held in Michigan during the past week, attest the fact that the Republican party in that State was never so strong or more united than now.

COLENSO.—At Natal there are five services now in the Cathedral every Sunday, three by the dean and two by Dr. Colenso. The only clergyman who adheres to Dr. Colenso is a Dane named Tonnesen.

THE Circleville (Ohio) *Union* says that in one school district in that country at a rat hunt 2,208 rats were killed in ten days, every man in the district participating.

THE yellow hair furore is raging in London, and women with the darkest tresses are dyeing their carrot color. Grayness or baldness in two years is the penalty.

"WHAT will you take first in Canada?" asked a quizzing Yankee of a faithful Fenian. "Hot whisky punch," was the prompt reply.

THE Oberlin *News* states that there are 725 students now attending the College in that place. There were 750 in 1861.

A FARMER bearing the euphonious name of Acts Apostles Pegden, recently died at a village in Kent county, England.

THIRTY thousand trees on the Southern coast of England were blown down by a recent tempest.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE PITTSBURGH TEMPERANCE LEAGUE will meet in Lecture Room of the First Presbyterian Church, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock.
mh20:1td R. C. MILLER, Secy.

POLITICAL.

FOR SHERIFF.

COL. JAMES M'. SHODGRASS,

Of McKeesport, (late of the 9th Pa. Reserves,) will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the ensuing County Convention. mh20:tc

FOR SHERIFF.

JOSEPH ROSS,

Of the First Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh19:tc

CONGRESS.—The friends of

HON. JOHN P. PENNEY

Will present his name to the Convention of the Union party, for nomination as a candidate for Congress in the 23d District. mh13:td

CONGRESS.

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

IS A CANDIDATE IN THE 22D DISTRICT.
mh9:1md

LECTURES.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURES.

JOHN B. GOUGH

WILL LECTURE IN

CITY HALL,

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21st.

Subject—"PECULIAR PEOPLE."

THURSDAY, MARCH 22d,

Subject—"TEMPERANCE."

FRIDAY, MARCH 23d,

Subject—"HABIT."

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Lecture commences at 7½ o'clock. Single tickets, 50c. Reserved Seats, 25c. extra. Seats may be secured at City Hall, on the day of each Lecture, commencing at 9 o'clock, A. M.

THOMAS BARCLAY, JR.,
W. B. EDWARDS,
O. McCLINTOCK,
JAMES J. DONNELL,
C. L. CALDWELL,
R. C. ALBREE,
Lecture Committee.
mh17

AUCTION SALES.

VALUABLE BANK STOCKS, &c. Will be added to the list of Stocks already advertised, to be sold THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, March 20th, at 7½ o'clock, on second floor, of Commercial Sales Rooms, No. 108 Smithfield street,

40 shares Bank of Pittsburgh;
18 do Exchange National Bank;
50 do Allegheny Valley Railroad.

A. McILWAINE, Auct.
mh20

BANK, INSURANCE AND OTHER STOCKS.—On TUESDAY EVENING, March 20th, at 7½ o'clock will be sold at second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 108 Smithfield street,

50 shares Fourth National Bank;
60 " Cash Insurance Company;
12 " Monongahela Water Co.;
5 " Birmingham Bridge Co.

A. McILWAINE, Auct.
mh19

FURNITURE, CARPETS, BEDDING, &c.—MORGAN HOUSE, ALLEGHENY. On WEDNESDAY MORNING, March 21st, at 9 o'clock, will be sold at the Morgan House, corner of Pasture lane and Taylor avenue, at the Drove Yards Allegheny City, the entire furnishment, comprising carpets, oil cloths, bedsteads, beds, bedding, Venetian blinds, window shades, looking glasses, pictures, chairs, stands, tables, settee tables, side tables, quensware, knives and forks, spoons, ice chests, clocks, kitchen safes, large size hotel cooking stove and utensils, office stoves, bar fixtures, kitchen furniture, &c.

A. McILWAINE, Auct.
mh19

PROCLAMATION.

PROCLAMATION. City of Allegheny, ss.—In compliance with a resolution passed by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, at their meeting on the 8th inst., I hereby issue my proclamation, ordering an election in the FIRST WARD, Allegheny, to be held on THURSDAY, the 29th day of March inst., at the usual place of holding elections, then and there to elect a Member of Common Council to supply the place made vacant by the resignation of G. J. Miller, Esq.

Given under my hand and seal of the City of Allegheny, this 12th day of March, A. D., 1866.

JOHN MORRISON, Mayor.
mh14:td

ELECTION NOTICES.

MANCHESTER SAVINGS BANK, WEST MANCHESTER, March 1st, 1866.

AN ELECTION FOR PRESIDENT AND SIX DIRECTORS of the MANCHESTER SAVINGS BANK will be held at their Banking House, on SATURDAY, the 31st day of March, between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock.

THOS. R. UPDIKE, Cash'r.
mh2:td

FOUND—Small amount of Money in Allegheny City. The owner can have it by calling on ISAAC GULLETT, at the Great Western Planing Mill, corner of Marbury street and Duquesne Way, and paying for this advertisement. mh19:3td

NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH, March 19th, 1866.

THE PHYSICIAN of the Board will be in attendance, on TUESDAY OF EACH WEEK, at 2 o'clock, P. M., until the FIRST OF JULY, for the purpose of Vaccinating the poor of the city. By order of the Board,

GEORGE FORTUNE, Health Officer.
mh19:3td

CITY SOLICITOR'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, March 6th, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO all persons interested, that the report of Appraisers appointed to appraise the damages caused by the change of grade of Penn street, with the assessment and plot thereof, has been THIS DAY filed in my office. If the assessments are not paid within thirty days from this date, liens will be filed thereof against the properties assessed, with interest costs and fees, according to law.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Solicitor.
mh9:3wd

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF DRAYS, HACKS, &c.—Notice is hereby given to all owners of Drays, Carts, Carriages, Buggies, &c., whether resident in the City of Pittsburgh, on THIRD WEDNESDAY (21st) OF MARCH, A. D., 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The Stock and Bond Transfer Books of the Company, in their office in the City of Pittsburgh, and at the Transfer Agency, in the City of New York, will be closed on the 5th day of March, at 2 o'clock, P. M., and remain closed until 22d day of March thereafter.

F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.
fe22:td

PROPOSALS.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, March 19th, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until MONDAY EVENING, 26th inst., for changing the position of the Gas Burners over the Vegetable Stalls, in the Market House. Also, for putting up 10 additional Gas Lights and 4 Reflectors. Plans of the same can be found with the SUPERINTENDENT OF GAS. Clerk of the Market. Proposals will also be received at the same time for furnishing 200 new Gas Posts.

E. H. FRANCIS, City Controller.
mh20:3td

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, March 15, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS, endorsed "Proposals for Grading and Paving," will be received at this office until MONDAY EVENING, April 2d, for Grading and Paving the following Streets, viz:

Bidwell Street, from Ohio Avenue to Juniata Street; Franklin Street, from Allegheny Avenue to Sedgwick Street; Madison Street, from Allegheny Avenue to Manchester line; Ridge Street, from Madison Avenue to Irwin Avenue; Allegheny Avenue, from Western Avenue to Franklin Street; Ohio Avenue, from the Railroad to Manchester line; Third street, from East Lane to Chestnut street; Fremont Street, from Ohio Avenue to Island Lane; Second Alley, from Middle street to West Street; North Avenue, from Federal street to Cedar Avenue; North Avenue, from Cedar Avenue to East Lane.

Any information desired in relation to the above will be given by WM. McHENRY, Recording Regulator.

R. B. FRANCIS, City Controller.
mh20:10d

PROPOSALS.—Sealed Proposals for Supplying the Troops at Allegheny Arsenal, Pounds, with

FRESH BEEF

For six months, commencing on the FIRST DAY OF APRIL, 1866, and ending on the 30th day of September, 1866, will be received by the subscriber until the 30TH INSTANT, at 12 o'clock, M., when they will be opened. The Beef to be of good and wholesome quality, in quarters, with an equal proportion of each, (necks and shanks to be excluded.) The days of issue, the probable quantity of beef required, and the terms and conditions of the contract, can be ascertained on application to the subscriber, at Allegheny Arsenal, near Pittsburgh, Pa.

ISAAC ARNOLD Jr.,
1st Lt. of Ord. and Brt. Capt. U. S. A.,
A. A. C. S.
mh14:d14

TO CONTRACTORS.—RAILWAY LEVELLING.—Allegheny Valley Railroad Company invite proposals for the GRADUATION, MASONRY, BALLASTING AND TIES required on fifteen miles of their road, including the Oil City southward, and on fifteen sections, extending from Mahoning Creek northward to the vicinity of Brady's Bend Iron Works. Each section will be about one mile in length.

Maps, profiles, plans, and specifications of the work to be ready for examination at the Engineer's office, on Pike street, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the 1st of March next, and proposals will be received at the same place up to 6 o'clock, P. M., of THURSDAY, the 22D OF MARCH.

The line will be run out and staked as soon as practicable, but contractors can at any time obtain at the Engineer's office, in Pittsburgh, all the information necessary to enable them to examine and bid for the work understandingly.

Any further information desired can be had by application in person or by letter to the subscriber.

F. WRIGHT Chief Engineer.
fe24:td

PROPOSALS FOR SAFES AND LOCKS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3d, 1866.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Superintendent Treasury Building Department, Washington, D. C., until 12 M., APRIL 5TH, 1866, for furnishing the Burglar Proof and the Burglar and Fire Proof Safes required by the Treasury Department for one year from the acceptance of the proposal of the successful bidder.

Specifications and drawings for the Burglar Proof Safes, showing the form of construction at present used, viz: alternate plates of iron and hardened steel, can be obtained upon application at this Department.

Burglar and Fire Proof Safes will be constructed in the same manner and cased with a suitable fire proof composition, and specifications for which must be submitted by the bidder.

Safes to be shipped in perfect condition within a reasonable time from date of order.

The Locks will be furnished by this Department, but must be put in place by the contractor, and be in perfect working order when the Safe is turned over to the proper officer of the Government.

The bids to be per superficial foot, measured on the outside, and to cover all charges whatever, including painting and door fixtures, (except cost of locks.)

Proposals will also be received for Burglar and Powder Proof Locks, to be accompanied with samples.

All bids must be accompanied by the guaranty of two responsible persons in the sum of $5,000, that the bidder will accept and perform the contract if awarded to him, the sufficiency of the security to be certified by the District Attorney of the district where the bidder resides.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to award the contract for Burglar Proof Safes to one party, and the Burglar and Fire Proof safes to another, if it be deemed for the interest of the Government to do so, and no bid will be considered that does not conform to the requirements of this advertisement.

Proposals to be endorsed "Proposals for Safes and Locks," and addressed to A. B. MULLETT, Acting Supervising Architect, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

A. B. MULLETT, Acting Supervising Architect.
mh8:2ewdtaps

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

NEW BOOKS.

TROWBRIDGE'S NEW BOOK,

LUCY ARLYN.

GEORGE SANDS' NEW BOOK,

JEALOUSY.

FALSE PRIDE, by the authoress of 'Family Pride.'

LIPPINCOTT'S PRONOUNCING GAZETTEER AND DICTIONARY OF THE WORLD—new revised edition.

ECCENTRIC PERSONAGES, by W. Russell.

And all other new Books for sale by

JOHN P. HUNT & CO.,
59 Fifth St., Masonic Hall.
mh14

NEW BOOKS:

Spiritualism, McDonald	$1.25
Rescued from Egypt, A. L. O. E.	1.50
Outlines of Theology	3.50
Centenary of American Methodism, Stevens	1.50
Life and Letters of T. W. Robertson, Q. V.	4.00
Herewards, Kingsley	1.75
Hours Among the Gospels, Burt	1.50
War Lyrics, Boswell	1.50
Algerine Country Orient	1.25
The Happy Islands	1.00
Forty Years in Old World	1.00

J. L. READ, 79 Fourth street.
mh14

MEETINGS.

OFFICE PITTSBURGH AND BOSTON MINING CO., PITTSBURGH, March 19th, 1866.

ANNUAL MEETING.—An adjourned Meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Boston Mining Company will be held at the office of the Company, on MONDAY, the 26th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M.

THOS. M. HOWE, Secty.
mh20:td

MASS MEETING

TO SUSTAIN THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned citizens of PITTSBURGH AND ALLEGHENY COUNTY, having unbounded confidence in the integrity, statesmanship and policy of our President,

ANDREW JOHNSON,

The representative of the People, respectfully request our fellow-citizens to assemble in Mass Meeting at

CITY HALL, PITTSBURGH,

ON TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 20th, 1866,

At half-past seven o'clock, to adopt such measures as may be considered most expedient to sustain the President. Eminent speakers from abroad and at home, will address the meeting:

Henry Lloyd,	Lyon, Shorb & Co.*
Daniel Wallace,	James Cassiday,
Alfred G. Lloyd,	Henry A. Weaver,
William Rea,	R. B. Carnahan,
Henry W. Oliver, Jr.,	A. Garrison,
C. Reed,	D. A. Courtney,
Wm. Shacklett,	Andrew Humbert,
John Astley,	George Humbert,
George Keyser,	David F. McKee,
J. A. Carrike,	Turner Stowbridge,
John Scott, Jr.,	T. S. Clarke,
R. J. Watson,	Foster & Co.,
Wm. H. Stimpis,	W. J. Patterson,
I. N. Courtwin,	Robert C. Schmertz,
James Lowry, Jr.,	A. Gunckenlelmer,
Joshua Rhodes,	James D. McGill,
John A. Myler,	J. M. Vandegrift,
Hall Patterson,	Wm. H. Brown,
John Parsely,	Jesse H. Lippincott,
John Paul,	Andrew Humbert,
Jas. Fraser,	George Humbert,
Geo. McBride,	David F. McKee,
Daniel Moore,	Turner Stowbridge,
D. M. Gallagher,	T. S. Clarke,
James Brown,	Foster & Co.,
Wm. A. Taylor,	W. J. Patterson,
D. McKee, Jr.,	John S. Ely,
Thomas A. Rowley,	Wade Hampton & Co.,
S. Morrow,	E. Heppner,
J. A. Beares,	B. H. Flowers,
F. C. O'Brien,	S. McClain, Jr.,
Charles F. Hartberger,	F. E. Volz,
John Aiken,	R. C. & J. H. Sawyer,
Comerford & Co.	N. P. Sawyer,

And many others.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, PITTSBURGH, February 24th, 1866.

The Annual Meeting of the Stock and Bondholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of said Company, in the City of Pittsburgh, on THIRD WEDNESDAY (21st) OF MARCH, A. D., 1866, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The Stock and Bond Transfer Books of the Company, in their office in the City of Pittsburgh, and at the Transfer Agency, in the City of New York, will be closed on the 5th day of March, at 2 o'clock, P. M., and remain closed until 22d day of March thereafter.

F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.
fe22:td

SEALED PROPOSALS

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, March 19th, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until MONDAY EVENING, 26th inst., for changing the position of the Gas Burners over the Vegetable Stalls, in the Market House. Also, for putting up 10 additional Gas Lights and 4 Reflectors. Plans of the same can be found with the SUPERINTENDENT OF GAS. Clerk of the Market. Proposals will also be received at the same time for furnishing 200 new Gas Posts.

E. H. FRANCIS, City Controller.
mh20:3td

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, March 15, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS, endorsed "Proposals for Grading and Paving," will be received at this office until MONDAY EVENING, April 2d, for Grading and Paving the following Streets, viz:

Bidwell Street, from Ohio Avenue to Juniata Street; Franklin Street, from Allegheny Avenue to Sedgwick Street; Madison Street, from Allegheny Avenue to Manchester line; Ridge Street, from Madison Avenue to Irwin Avenue; Allegheny Avenue, from Western Avenue to Franklin Street; Ohio Avenue, from the Railroad to Manchester line; Third street, from East Lane to Chestnut street; Fremont Street, from Ohio Avenue to Island Lane; Second Alley, from Middle street to West Street; North Avenue, from Federal street to Cedar Avenue; North Avenue, from Cedar Avenue to East Lane.

Any information desired in relation to the above will be given by WM. McHENRY, Recording Regulator.

R. B. FRANCIS, City Controller.
mh20:10d

PROPOSALS.—Sealed Proposals for Supplying the Troops at Allegheny Arsenal, Pounds, with

FRESH BEEF

For six months, commencing on the FIRST DAY OF APRIL, 1866, and ending on the 30th day of September, 1866, will be received by the subscriber until the 30TH INSTANT, at 12 o'clock, M., when they will be opened. The Beef to be of good and wholesome quality, in quarters, with an equal proportion of each, (necks and shanks to be excluded.) The days of issue, the probable quantity of beef required, and the terms and conditions of the contract, can be ascertained on application to the subscriber, at Allegheny Arsenal, near Pittsburgh, Pa.

ISAAC ARNOLD Jr.,
1st Lt. of Ord. and Brt. Capt. U. S. A.,
A. A. C. S.
mh14:d14

TO CONTRACTORS.—RAILWAY LEVELLING.—Allegheny Valley Railroad Company invite proposals for the GRADUATION, MASONRY, BALLASTING AND TIES required on fifteen miles of their road, including the Oil City southward, and on fifteen sections, extending from Mahoning Creek northward to the vicinity of Brady's Bend Iron Works. Each section will be about one mile in length.

Maps, profiles, plans, and specifications of the work to be ready for examination at the Engineer's office, on Pike street, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the 1st of March next, and proposals will be received at the same place up to 6 o'clock, P. M., of THURSDAY, the 22D OF MARCH.

The line will be run out and staked as soon as practicable, but contractors can at any time obtain at the Engineer's office, in Pittsburgh, all the information necessary to enable them to examine and bid for the work understandingly.

Any further information desired can be had by application in person or by letter to the subscriber.

F. WRIGHT Chief Engineer.
fe24:td

PROPOSALS FOR SAFES AND LOCKS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3d, 1866.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Superintendent Treasury Building Department, Washington, D. C., until 12 M., APRIL 5TH, 1866, for furnishing the Burglar Proof and the Burglar and Fire Proof Safes required by the Treasury Department for one year from the acceptance of the proposal of the successful bidder.

Specifications and drawings for the Burglar Proof Safes, showing the form of construction at present used, viz: alternate plates of iron and hardened steel, can be obtained upon application at this Department.

Burglar and Fire Proof Safes will be constructed in the same manner and cased with a suitable fire proof composition, and specifications for which must be submitted by the bidder.

Safes to be shipped in perfect condition within a reasonable time from date of order.

The Locks will be furnished by this Department, but must be put in place by the contractor, and be in perfect working order when the Safe is turned over to the proper officer of the Government.

The bids to be per superficial foot, measured on the outside, and to cover all charges whatever, including painting and door fixtures, (except cost of locks.)

Proposals will also be received for Burglar and Powder Proof Locks, to be accompanied with samples.

All bids must be accompanied by the guaranty of two responsible persons in the sum of $5,000, that the bidder will accept and perform the contract if awarded to him, the sufficiency of the security to be certified by the District Attorney of the district where the bidder resides.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to award the contract for Burglar Proof Safes to one party, and the Burglar and Fire Proof safes to another, if it be deemed for the interest of the Government to do so, and no bid will be considered that does not conform to the requirements of this advertisement.

Proposals to be endorsed "Proposals for Safes and Locks," and addressed to A. B. MULLETT, Acting Supervising Architect, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

A. B. MULLETT, Acting Supervising Architect.
mh8:2ewdtaps

WANTS.

WANTED—Several good Carpenters.—Constant work and good wages. Apply at MAYER & HUGH'S, Beaver street, Manchester.
mh19:2td

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—At the Pittsburgh Machine Works, 324 Ohio street, Allegheny, a NUMBER ONE HAND, ON CHASING LATHE. None but good workmen need apply.
mh19:3td R. H. LECKY.

WANTED—AGENTS—Male and FEMALE, to sell HOLLAND'S Timothy Titcomb's LIFE OF LINCOLN, "PETROLEUM V. NASBY PAPERS," (a book of true wit and humor,) SAETLAND'S NEW STEEL ENGRAVING, "HOME FROM ANDERSONVILLE," (a picture that should be in every house.) For terms apply or address, enclosing stamps, EMERY & HOWES, 3591 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
mh15:6t3taw

WANTED—Good Agents to Sell SHERMAN AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, GRANT AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, (the latter just out.) CHILD'S PRAYER, FIRST LESSON, (both pictures,) and THE AMERICAN INVENTORS. These are all new Books and Engravings, and agents can do better with them than with any other offered to the public. For full particulars, apply to or address ASHER ELLIS, 67 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
mh12:2td&aw3taw

WANTED.—$1,500 PER YEAR! —We want AGENTS everywhere to sell our IMPROVED TWENTY-DOLLAR SEWING MACHINES, three new kinds, under and upper feed; warranted five years. Above salary or large commission paid. The ONLY Machine sold in United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker,

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, MARCH 20, 1866.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE AGENTS.

R. M. ALLEN, New Castle, Pa.
MR. RILEY, Penna. Railroad.
MR. RILEY, Pittsburgh, Columbus & Cincinnati R. R.
E. GLENDENNING, Steubenville, Ohio.
F. P. ST. CLAIR, Wellsburgh, West. Va.
THOS. RATTIGAN, Oil City, Pa.
JOHN LINNENBRINK, Rochester, Pa.
IMBRIE & BRO., Wellsville, Ohio.
GEORGE CLARK, Smith's Ferry, Pa.
W. SNYDER, Allegheny Valley Railroad.
W. WARD, Monongahela House, Pittsburgh.
B. BRACKNEY, Washington, Pa.
ISAAC TRESCOTT, Salem, Ohio.
T. C. ALLEN, Columbiana, Ohio.
D. G. HESTER, Alliance, Ohio.
H. HEINEMAN, Butler, Pa.
R. J. PIERCE, Mercer, Pa.
JOHN ARTERS, Greensburg, Pa.
POSTMASTER, East Palestine, Ohio.
J. SHOOP, Freeport, Pa.
JAS. T. SAMPLE, Allegheny City.
R. M. ALLEN, Sharon, Pa.
H. M. WILLIAMS, Sewickville, Pa.
SHOWERS & SHAFFORTH, Brownsville, Pa.
J. H. EVANS, McKeesport, Pa.
C. LOOMIS, P. F. W. & C. Railroad.
C. LOOMIS, Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad.
THOS. LINNEGAN, Latrobe, Pa.
J. FETTINGER, Altoona, Pa.
THOS. TASTE, Johnstown, Pa.
H. RAMSEY, Shanesville, Pa.
M. A. TOWNSEND, New Brighton, Pa.
W. REED, Connellsville, Pa.
ROBT. SHIPMAN, Woods Run, Pa.
CHAS. SOWYER, Blairsville, Pa.
JNO. ATKINSON, Irwin Station, Pa.
MRS. SARAH HARE, Tarentum, Pa.
S. GASTON, Sewickley, Pa.
SOLOMON FRY, California, Pa.
P. HUTCHISON, Kittanning, Pa.
W. G. BIGHAM, Mansfield, Pa.
HENRY HALL, Indiana, Pa.
A. W. YOUNG, Port Perry, Pa.
J. C. STENARD, Verner Station, Pa.
A. M. CRAWFORD, Dartington, Pa.
Capt. JOHN HAY, Hayesville, Pa.
D. W. SMITH, Larimer Station, Pa.
R. W. BARNSHER, Baggage Master, Pa. R. R.
MRS. REYNOLDS, Lawrenceville, Pa.
H. MICAELS, Bog, Muir & Wallace Accounts.
JNO. T. WILSON, Torrence Station, Pa.
J. E. STICKLER, Jacob's Creek, Pa.
J. M. REED, Lockport, Pa.
B. RAMAGE, Enon Valley, Pa.
B. MITCHELL, White Ash, Pa.

[From the Country Gentleman.]

Must Wool-Growing be Abandoned in the Northern States?

This is a pertinent question at the present time, and one that our General Government can answer. It remains to be seen whether the present result is to become the settled policy of the country, ruinous and destructive as it is to the wool growing interest, though high protective and remunerative to most other interests which need the fostering care of National Legislation. It is to be hoped, or should be by every true and loyal patriot, in these times of national indebtedness and high taxation, that the question of a protective tariff will not again become a party question in politics. The question of protection to home labor and to domestic products, must be the order of the day, or this onerous internal taxation cannot be borne. The making of woolen goods is sufficiently protected, but not so with the growing of the raw material.

It was undoubtedly the design in giving this governmental aid to the manufacturer, to enable him to work American wool at remunerative prices to the producer. But thus far such is not the effect. When gold went up to 140 per cent. and over, he was compelled by the rate of exchange to purchase home grown wool at barely living prices to the grower, though at no time within the last five years has the farmer received as much for his wool on a gold basis, as he did previous to the war; and now since gold has fallen below 50 per cent., carrying down with it foreign exchange, the manufacturer has sought and obtained fields from which to supply his wants, at vastly less prices than the American grower can possibly supply them. This is the law of trade, just as much as the law of gravitation, and every one—to buy in the cheapest market and sell in the dearest. Government has furnished him the *best market* in the world right at its own door, *a home market to sell in.*

Of this we do not complain; it is as it should be; but we *do complain* that while the manufacturer is thus protected from all foreign competition in the kinds of goods he makes, that the wool grower should be left to compete with a foreign production, where lands and labor can be procured at one-tenth less than here, where winter forage for sheep is not required, and where a shepherd and his dog can protect and care for flocks of thousands in number, yielding fleeces as fine if not finer in quality than any we produce at home, and at prices ranging from 12 to 24 cents per pound. And why should we not complain? We, the wool growers, are large consumers of blankets, as can woolen goods; we are the customers of the manufacturer, and while we purchase and wear his cloth made from this foreign wool, are called upon laying on our backs, and must not there unless we submit to sales at ruinous prices, controlled by these low-priced foreign wools, from Spain, Metz, Mestiza, Cape, and Australian wools.

These wools, in quality as fine as our old Saxony and full blood Merino, cost on an average about 20 cts. per pound at the place of production, and pay a duty of three cents per pound when coming not over 12 cents, and 6 cents when costing from 12 to 24 cents per pound; 40 cents, and ten per cent. advalorem, when costing 24 to 32 cents per pound; and over 32 cents, 12 cents per pound, and ten per cent. advalorem. And little of the two last grades is imported, while enormous quantities of the two former are constantly landing in our cities, as is shown by our custom house entries. At one single port during the last half of 1865, there was imported over 14,000,000 pounds, paying an average duty of 4 and 5 100 cents per pound and the *extraordinary amount* of 50 per cent. that paid 6 cents per pound. duty. In addition to all this, there was during the whole year 1865, near 6,000,000 pounds of wool from Canada imported into this country, free from any duty whatever, under the so-called reciprocity treaty; a reciprocity all on one side and soon we hope to be abrogated and forever abolished.

Now, in all candor and sincerity, we ask of our Government, are these things right? If home labor deserves any protection in adjusting a tariff of duties we ask that *farming labor* should be put upon an equality with manufacturing labor. It costs as much, if not more, to grow a pound of wool as it does to work that pound into the fabric; and why should not the one be equally protected with the other? Tht there is now a great inequality, is too evident to need demonstration. The time was, and not far back, that the price of two and a quarter pounds of wool would purchase of the retailer one yard of good cassimere or doeskin cloth; now it requires five pounds to make the same purchase. Such are the workings of the present tariff, which is rapidly working the ruin and annihilation of all northern flocks.

It cannot be denied that we wool-growers are now annually lying in taxes of every description—town, county, State and National, on our sheep, on land to feed these sheep, and on the income whenever we sell wool or sheep, even low as the prices now are—more per pound on our wool than the foreign wool pays under the present tariff arrangement, the blighting, withering influence of which is telling so hard upon Northern industry. We submit it would require but a few years to produce *ad and everlasting* of wool needed by the machinery of the country, (except the very coarse, long, wavy hairy kinds for carpets and other coarse fabrics.) If a permanent, reliable and encouraging tariff would be given us, so rapid is the increase of sheep, but while we are all aware that there are many working foreign, others half to three fourths, we are disheartened, knowing as we do that these wools are used for the pie and only reason that they are bought for a much less price than we can possibly produce like qualities, and are compelled to admit that we must abandon the business unless relief can be extended.

We are not a close community, but scattered and isolated, of comparatively limited means; though large in numbers, yet small in influence; not acting in concert or combination, we possess but limited opportunity in a race for tariff protection with its more combined and powerful influences wielded by the manufacturers; yet we believe by making our condition known to the Government, even in our own humble and unpretending manner, that we shall gain a hearing, and hope that justice and equity to which we believe we are so justly entitled. We ask of Congress no more than an equal protection with the manufacturer. This we have never had except in two instances in the old tariff of 1828, which five years later was absorbed by the sliding scale compromise, and the free trade revenue tariff of 1846, both of which gave us by far better protection from foreign competition than the present or any intervening tariff.

We do not know what the wool growers of the country, in the aggregate, would ask could they all be heard by way of memorial and petition to the Government, but we at the North, I think, would be generally satisfied by revising the present rates, confining the 3 cent per pound duty to the long, coarse, hairy wools, and to none others; doubling it to the 6 cent duty, placing all wools costing at the port of exportation not above 24 cents per pound, at 10 cents per pound and 10 per cent. ad valorem, all costing above 24 cents per pound at such port, at 12 cents per pound and 12 per cent. ad valorem. These we regard as our most extravagant rates even on a gold basis, and as low as can sustain the wool growing interest of the country in a prosperous condition.

It is apparent to every observing and reflecting mind that all our surroundings are entirely different from what they ever have been with in the history of this country previous to 1862. Though the prices of every necessity of life are not quite as high as two and three years ago, yet they are far above the range of years before the war, except the one article of wool, which is at the present time only four fifths of its value of those years in gold, while most other commodities are proportionally very much higher, with farm labor doubled and taxes more than trebled. Wool at this time is the lowest in price, and the most unremunerative of all agricultural products, and the reason is obvious—we have no foreign market, as there is for our wheat, corn, dairy, lard, etc., and by the working of the tariff we are driven out of our own markets, unless we submit to ruinous sacrifices by the influx of low priced foreign wools.

It was formerly very fashionable with the free traders to preach against protection, because it would oppress the labor and deprive him of the comforts of life. But how, futile would such an argument be at the present time, with governmental bounty open to him entering him a farm of 160 acres by paying the small pittance of ten dollars for the surveying. Can any man of common sense believe that the laboring man will stand oppression and low wages under these circumstances? There is no motion upon earth—no land that the sun ever shown upon—where labor is so well paid as here, and ever will be so long as we possess this vast public domain. It is a guarantee to labor that it shall always receive a generous compensation. A protective tariff will protect labor as well as the capital that employs it.

J. W. COLBURN.

Springfield, Vt., Feb. 10th, 1866.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **AYER'S PILLS—Are you Sick,** Feeble and complaining? Are you out of order with your system deranged and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the precursors of serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and all the organs move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles some where in the body, and deranges its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering and derangement. While in this condition, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous disorders. The same purgative effect expels them. Cured by similar obstructions and derangement of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly and many of them surely cured by the same means. None who know the virtue of these Pills will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure, such as Headache, Foul Stomach, Dysentery, Bilious Complaints, Indigestion, Derangement of the Liver, Costiveness, Constipation, Heartburn, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Worms and Suppression, when taken in large doses.

They are Sugar Coated, so that the most sensitive can take them easily, and they are surely the best purgative medicine yet discovered.

AYER'S AGUE CURE,

For the speedy cure of *Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, and Remittent fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache, or Bilious Headache, and other Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in the Malarious Element, caused by the Malaria of miasmatic countries.*

This remedy has rarely failed to cure the several cases of Chills and Fever, and in this great advantage over other Ague medicines, that it subdues the complaint without injury to the patient. It contains no quinine or mineral, and is in no way injurious to even the most delicate constitution. Emigrants, whether to the West, try it and be free from Chills. Shaking brothers of the army and the west, try it and be cured. It will break the chain.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by E. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO., and by all Druggists.

☞ **RETROUVAY'S TURKISH** JANDOLENIAN HAIR TONIC,
THE DRESSING AND RESTORER OF THE AGE
TURKISH BANDOLENIAN.

RETROUVEY'S TURKISH BANDOLENIAN. What can be more acceptable than anything that will beautify? that will restore nature's decay by stopping the hair from falling out, its natural color, making it to grow in luxuriance and beauty, assist in putting it up according to the present style and fashion and keep it in place? This *Retrouvay's Turkish Bandolenian Hair Tonic* will do, and for proof we refer you to any person who has stuffed it. It is acknowledged to be the beautifier of the age, the only Pair Tonic and Restorer worthy of the name. In Turkey, in France, in India and in every country where what the "Bandolenian" is known—it is pronounced the very prime article of Hair Preparations. Remember, it is free from all metallic poisons that are contained in most Hair Colors and dressings. It is the extract of many Herbs and Herbs, beautifully put up, an ornament to the toilet.

For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, wholesale.

E. E. SELLERS & CO.,
B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
Principa Depot for United States and Canadas,
JAMES PARKER & CO.,
No. 52 Market street,
Philadelphia.

de19:3meod&wT

☞ **PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS,**
HUBBARD, BRO. & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS.

Warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Mulay, Gang, and all other varieties.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Sheet Cast-Steel; Extra Refined REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c.

☞ Warehouse, Works, corner WATER and SHORT STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-touthing, gumming and shaping saws. Also, to repairing, repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. ap25:1y

☞ **LAKE SUPERIOR**
COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS
PITTSBURGH.
PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND COPPER BOTTOMS, COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPELTER SOLDER.

Also, importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES and TOOLS.

Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST and 120 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my28:1y&wT

☞ **WM. BARNHILL & CO.,**
Boiler Makers & Sheet Iron Workers,
Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture all descriptions of BOILERS, in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Also, SHEET IRON SCREENING FIRE BELOS, STEAM PIPES LOCOMOTIVE BOILER CONDENSERS, SALT PANS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, PATENT SHEET IRON, from the disorders they cure, such as Headache, Foul Stomach, Dysentery, Bilious Complaints, Indigestion, Derangement of the Liver, Costiveness, Constipation, Heartburn, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Worms and Suppression, when taken in large doses.

They are Sugar Coated, so that the most sensitive can take them easily, and they are surely the best purgative medicine yet discovered.

☞ **JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,**
MANUFACTURERS OF IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, IRON RAILING, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 91 and 93 SECOND STREET, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

☞ Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. au2

☞ **ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER),**
WASHINGTON WORKS,
Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of STATIONARY AND MARINE STEAM ENGINES, BLAST ENGINES, MILL MACHINERY, GEARING, SHAFTING, CASTINGS of all descriptions. OIL TANK STILLS, ROLLER AND SHEET IRON WORK.

☞ Patentees of CLIFFORD'S PATENT INJECTOR, or feeding boilers.

☞ **TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS,**
OF BOTH SEXES.—A reverend gentleman, having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing the usual routine and irregular expensive mode of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to make known to his afflicted fellow-creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of an addressed envelope, he will send, *free*, a copy of the prescription used.

Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, N. Y. my24:1y&w

☞ **SENT FREE.—A Pamphlet**
of immense importance to the old and young, married and single, of both sexes, will be sent free by addressing, with stamp enclosed, the Rev. J. KENDRICK & CO., Box 75, Boston Post Office. my28:1yd&w

☞ **THE BRIDAL CHAMBER;**
AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION FOR YOUNG MEN. Also, new and reliable treatment of the Urinary and Sexual System address Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. au21:1y

STEEL WORKS.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS
ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,
(SUCCESSORS TO JONES, BOYD & CO.,)

Manufacturers of the best refined Cast Steel, Square, Flat and Octagon Cast Steel, Spring Steel, Plow Plates, Hoe, Fork and Sheet Cast Steel, Cast Steel for

REAPING AND MOWING MACHINES,
STEEL PLOW WINGS, SPRINGS, AXLES CIRCULARS, &c.

Cast and Common Plough and Spring Steel,

Office—Corner of First and Ross streets, two blocks above the Monongahela House.

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
PARK, BROTHER & Co.,
Manufacturers of
BEST QUALITY REFINED CAST STEEL.

Square, Flat and Octagon, of all sizes. Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country.

☞ Office and warehouse, No. 149 and 151 First, an and 122 Second streets, Pittsburgh. ja11:1y

GEO. REITER ..... W. D. BEELER ..... J. F. HOLLMAN

LA BELLE STEEL WORKS.
REITER & CO.

Manufacturers of CAST STEEL; SPRING, PLOW and BLISTER STEEL; SPRINGS, AXLES, CROW BARS, &c.

☞ Office, No. 96 WATER STREET (up stairs), Pittsburgh, Pa. jy2

PAINTERS.

JAMES N. LONG ..... JOHN LAN

LONG & LANE,
SIGN ARTISTS AND HOUSE PAINTERS,
No. 60 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.

Lettering of all kinds executed promptly and in unsurpassed elegance.

Beautiful Designs and Scrolls on enameled paper of all colors, and Gilt Signs on glass, made to order and sent to all parts of the country.

Pictorial Designs executed in a highly artistic manner.

House Painting done with a regard to durability harmony of color, and neatness of finish.

☞ All work at reasonable rates. mh5:1y

WILLIAM H. BROWN,
(Late of the firm of BROWN & MORROW,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
North East corner of Third and Market Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

HATS, CAPS, &c.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!

SPRING STYLES.

McCORD & CO.,
131 *WOOD STREET,*

LADIES' AND MISSES' DERBYS;
GENTS' YOUTHS' AND BOYS' BRIGHTONS, SARATOGAS, DERBYS, DASHES, RESORTS, ETC., ETC. ALSO, GENTS' FASHIONABLE SILK AND CASSIMERE HATS.

All the Latest Styles in Great Variety

mh

FARM IMPLEMENTS.

DRUM & BLACK,

Have on hand a Large Assortment of
MOWING MACHINES,
HORSE RAKES,
STRAW CUTTERS,
SCYTHES AND
HAY RAKES,
No. 28 and 30 Ohio St., Allegheny

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER ..... WM HENDERSON.

Second night of the distinguished Tragic Actress.

EMMA WALLER,

Who will appear in her thrilling personation of IAGO, in THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, Shakspeare's great Tragedy, in five acts, of

OTHELLO;
Or, The Moor of Venice.

Iago ..... Emma Waller,
With a complete cast.

To other play this evening.

Matinee Saturday Afternoon.

OPERA HOUSE.
LESSEE AND MANAGERESS ..... ANNIE EBERLE.

Fourteenth night and immense success of

THE MAGNIFICENT
HELEN WESTERN.

Who will appear in Seven Characters, Songs and Dances.

TUESDAY EVENING, March 20th 1866, will be presented the beautiful play of the

SPY OF ST. MARC;
Or, The Actress of Padua.

Thisbe ..... HELEN WESTERN.

To conclude with the Romantic Drama of

Satan in Paris.

HELEN WESTERN IN SIX CHARACTERS.

In Rehearsal,

OLIVER TWIST.
AT MASONIC HALL.

THE SPHYNX.
FABIAN & BRUCE'S
COLOSSAL GIFT,
Sensation Entertainment,
Sensation Entertainment.

Pronounced by the press and the public "the Great Legitimate and only genuine Gift Organization that has ever appeared in the United States. Crowded and delighted audiences have nightly greeted these extraordinary Gift Entertainments" in the principal cities of the Union for the past three years.

FABIAN & BRUCE,

The GIFT HEROES OF THE WORLD, do not hesitate to GUARANTEE the most perfect and complete satisfaction to all their patrons.

The Chicago *Daily Times* says of us that "we keep all the promises made to the public, and to fill the better every portion of our bill."

The managers of this remarkably successful and popular Gift Organization take pleasure in announcing that they have effected an engagement with the SKILFUL AND PLEASING

FABIAN,

The acknowledged head and front of Wonder-Workers, and the favorite

ENCHANTROMUND!

Of the present age, will appear in conjunction with the great and ASTOUNDING MYSTERY

THE SPHYNX!
THE SPHYNX!
At Masonic Hall

Positively for eight days only, commencing

Friday Evening, March 16, 1866.
150 150 150
Useful and Elaborate Presents GIVEN AWAY Every Night without Money.
FABIAN AND BRUCE,

The Gift Autocrats of the World, perform all they advertise and give away every evening the whole of the 150 presents advertised on their bills, and challenge any one to prove that everything is not done to the letter.

TICKETS ONLY 25 CENTS—Reserved seats 50 cents. No half price.

Doors open at 7 o'clock—to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Fashionable Matinee WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS at 2 o'clock, when children will be admitted for Ladies' and

Every Child Will Receive a Present.

Remember that the Managers and Directors of Fabian & Bruce's Gigantic Gift Sensation Entertainments offer a

REWARD OF $500

To any person who shall bring the slightest particle of proof that every article is not paid to the purchaser.

Tickets will be for sale at Hoffman, Haene & Co.'s Music Store, and John P. Hunt & Co.'s Bookstore, early to secure seats. Get your tickets in advance and avoid the rush and crowd at the ticket office in the evening.

FABIAN & BRUCE,
Originators and Proprietors.
O. AMORY BRUCE, Business Agent.

EVENING ENTERTAINMENT
BY THE
Pupils of the 8th Ward School, No. 2,
ON TUESDAY, MARCH 20th,
At Lafayette Hall.

The performances will consist of Select Readings, Impromptu Drama, Singing, Tableaux, &c.

The Pittsburgh Cornet Band will assist in the arrangement of Tableaux, and Prof. WM. MACK will conduct the Singing.

Doors open at 7½; Exercises commence at 7½. Admission 50 cents; children 25 cents. Tickets to be had at the door.

mh17:2td M. J. PROUDFOOT, Principa.

FOUNDRIES.

THE
FORT PITT FOUNDRY.

CHARLES KNAP NEPHEWS
MANUFACTURERS OF
HEAVY ORDNANCE,

AND ALL KINDS OF HEAVY CASTINGS.

Special attention paid to ROLLING MILL WORK BLAST MACHINERY and RETORTS.

REPAIRS attended to promptly.

As heretofore, the best materials will always be used and skilful workmen employed.

Attention is called to our NEW FLY WHEEL PATTERN and increased facilities for fitting up the same. no17:1yd

WM. M'KEE ..... JOHN ALLEN ..... JAS. L. M'KEE.

VALLEY STOVE WORKS.

ALLEN, M'KEE & CO.,

Office and Warehouse 301 Liberty Street opposite Smithfield,

Manufacturers a great variety of COOK, PARLOR and HEATING STOVES, among which are the celebrated Allegheny and Monitor Coal Cooking Stoves; also, the Autocrat and Sentinel, for coal or wood, and the unrivalled Star of the Empire, for wood; also, Arches, Grates, Feuders, Sugar Kettles, Dog Irons and Hollow Ware generally. mh8

A. BRADLEY ..... W. VANKIRK ..... J. S. BRADLEY

ÆTNA STOVE WORKS.

A. BRADLEY & CO.

Manufacture every variety of

COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING STOVES

Among which are the celebrated EUREKA, TROPIC and TALISMAN (Coal Stoves;) PUMANA, VETERAN and IRONSIDES (Wood Cook stoves.) Also manufacture

GRATES, GRATE FRONTS, &c.

Office and Warehouse, corner of Second and Wood streets, Pittsburgh. Entrance on Second street. mh17:3m

PENN
Machine Works and Foundry
H. Wightman,

ENGINE BUILDER AND MACHINIST, Leacock street, between Federal and Sandusky, Allegheny City, Pa. Manufacturer of Wightman's PATENT PORTABLE OSCILLATING STEAM ENGINE Shafting, Pulleys, &c.

Repairing of all kinds attended to fe1:1y

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE,
AND
CANE AND WOOD CHAIRS,
Manufactured and for sale,
Wholesale or Retail.
JAMES W. WOODWELL,
NOS. 97 & 99 THIRD STREET,
Opposite E. Edmundson & Co.'s, and
mh1 NO. 111 FOURTH STREET.

JOSEPH MEYER ..... ANTHONY METH.

JOSEPH MEYER & SON, Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FURNITURE AND CHAIRS, No. 604 PENN ST. above the Canal, have on hands a large assortment of FANCY AND PLAIN FURNITURE, in Walnut and Mahogany, of their own manufacture, and warranted equal in quality and style to any manufactured in the city, and will sell at reasonable prices.

DRAUGHTING.

GENERAL
DRAUGHTING OFFICE
And Patent Agency
No. 12 St St. Clair St., near Suspension Bridge

H. P. GENGEMBRE Civil Engineer
de1:3m No. 16 1st street.

COTTON—87 bales and 2 bags Southern Ga. Cotton, now landing from steamer Le onora for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO

COTTON—18 bales on steamer Havana to arrive for sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

AUCTION SALES.

FIRST CLASS
Country Residence and Grounds
AT AUCTION.

On TUESDAY, March 20th, at 10 o'clock, P. M., at Masonic Hall Auction House, 58 and 57 Fifth street, will be sold the desirable and convenient grounds in Wilkinsburg, within five minutes' walk of the Station, fronting on the Railroad 700 feet, on street leading from Railroad 578 feet, and on the Turnpike 376 feet, containing 2¼ acres, on which is a Dwelling that has been entirely remodelled, additions made, and finished in modern style with special regard to comfort. The first floor has parlor, 15 feet 8 inches by 13 feet, with two large bay windows; hall 9 feet wide, vestibule entrance, double doors outside and inside, arranged for winter and summer ventilation. Opening from the hall are the Library, Sitting Room or Summer Parlor, and Dining Room; the latter two have sash doors which open on a large Veranda overlooking the garden and fine view. The Dining Room is 15 feet 8 inches by 20 feet, and by opening sliding doors can be extended to 28 feet. The Kitchen is well furnished, having the best Range to be had, sink, table with hot and cold water from a 75 barrel tank in the roof; supplied from either a cistern or well, which ever is desired. Adjoining is a large Pantry, also a place for putting up fruits, &c. The second story has 4 chambers, well finished, all opening from halls. Water Closet and Bath Rooms, with tank on 3rd Flr., cased with walnut; stationary Marble Wash Stand; hot and cold water conveniences. Adjoining is a large room with flue for stove, intended for airing clothes when weather not admitting outside. The attic has 2 finished rooms and closet. The rooms have all fine Slate Mantle Mantles, and are finished throughout in manner fronts. The halls, parlor and library are warmed with a well arranged furnace. The House has heavy cornice all around, in which gutters made of galvanized iron; the water being conveyed from these in terra cotta pipes, under ground, to a 110 barrel cistern. There is also a large Hose House. Water arrangements throughout are of the most complete character, and cost upwards of $2,000. There is also a well to receive all the waste and dirty water from the house and wash house, which is outside and apart from the dwelling. The house has been finely papered, wood-work oak grained in a superior manner; Glass double strength, white selected, and the whole details are in keeping.

There is also a small Brick House on the premises, suited for the gardener.

The Grounds are planted with Fruit Trees, 1000 Strawberry Plants, &c., and very little attention would make it a lovely spot for a home

This property will readily commend itself from its many advantages, desirable situation, and is an investment. To business men it is a rare chance; its close proximity and easy access to the city at all hours, making it specially desirable.

TERMS—One-half cash; the balance, loan $4,000, in one year, with interest. This $4,000 is a widow's dower, subject to the payment of $180 per annum during her lifetime, and can be paid in four annual installments of $1,000 each, with simple interest. Further particulars at 55 and 57 Fifth st.

mh13 T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct.

JAMES S. EARLE & SONS'
FIFTH GREAT SALE
OF
VALUABLE FOREIGN & AMERICAN
OIL PAINTINGS.

The entire importation of JAMES S. EARLE & SONS, selected in the studios of the best European Artists, by MR. JAMES S. EARLE, in the fall of 1865, will be sold at Auction in the Eastern Galleries of Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts, Philadelphia, on TUESDAY, March 27th and WEDNESDAY, March 28th.

Paintings on Free Exhibition on and after MONDAY, March 19th.

Catalogues now ready and sent by mail on application.

mh14:codtd B. SCOTT, JR., Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE OF LIQUORS, GROCERIES AND WAREHOUSE, IN DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY, commencing WEDNESDAY MORNING, March 21st, at 10 o'clock, will be sold the Warehouse and entire stock of Liquors, Groceries, &c., of the subscriber, Number 8 Diamond, comprising 15 bbls. old rye whisky, 10 bbls. Monongahela rye, 5 bbls. Bourbon, 3 bbls. cognac brandy, 200 gals. catawba wine, 300 gals. old port wine, 100 gals. prune brandy, 200 gals. sherry and Madeira wine, 5 bbls. sweet wine, 10 bbls. Baker's celebrated champagne, 5 casks German wine, 15 standing casks, 1 set rectifying tubs, 1 large copper pump, 1 large copper still, 5,000 cigars of various brands, 20 boxes choice Limburg cheese, 10 bags prime Rio coffee 25 bbls. choice flour, 300 lbs. choice green and black tea, 5 bbls. sorghum, 100 bbls. choice (prime article,) 150 bbls. salt, 20 doz. brooms, together with a full line of Liquors in bottles, fruits and spices, with many articles belonging to the liquor and grocery business. Also, the building of Messrs. Danner & Co., containing one large Storeroom, kitchen and dining room in centre, with back building 20 feet extended to 28 feet. The Kitchen is well furnished, having the best Range to be had, sink, table with hot and cold water from a 75 barrel tank in the roof; supplied from either a cistern or well, which ever is desired. Adjoining is a large Pantry, also a place for putting up fruits, &c. The second story has 4 chambers, well finished, all opening from halls. Water Closet and Bath Rooms, with tank on 3rd Flr., cased with walnut; stationary Marble Wash Stand; hot and cold water conveniences. Adjoining is a large room with flue for stove, intended for airing clothes when weather not admitting outside. The attic has 2 finished rooms and closet. The rooms have all fine Slate Mantle Mantles, and are finished throughout in manner fronts. The halls, parlor and library are warmed with a well arranged furnace. The House has heavy cornice all around, in which gutters made of galvanized iron; the water being conveyed from these in terra cotta pipes, under ground, to a 110 barrel cistern. There is also a large Hose House. Water arrangements throughout are of the most complete character, and cost upwards of $2,000. There is also a well to receive all the waste and dirty water from the house and wash house, which is outside and apart from the dwelling. The house has been finely papered, wood-work oak grained in a superior manner; Glass double strength, white selected, and the whole details are in keeping.

There is also a small Brick House on the premises, suited for the gardener.

The Grounds are planted with Fruit Trees, 1000 Strawberry Plants, &c., and very little attention would make it a lovely spot for a home

This property will readily commend itself from its many advantages, desirable situation, and is an investment. To business men it is a rare chance; its close proximity and easy access to the city at all hours, making it specially desirable.

TERMS—One-half cash; the balance, loan $4,000, in one year, with interest. This $4,000 is a widow's dower, subject to the payment of $180 per annum during her lifetime, and can be paid in four annual installments of $1,000 each, with simple interest. Further particulars at 55 and 57 Fifth st.

mh13 T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct.

CENTRE AVENUE RESIDENCE AT AUCTION.—On TUESDAY AFTERNOON, March 20th, at 3 o'clock, will be sold, at Masonic Hall Auction Rooms, 55 and 57 Fifth street, the eligible lot, immediately opposite the Car Station, fronting on Centre Avenue, and extending back 160 feet, on which is a modern style two-story Brick Dwelling, of seven rooms and bath-room, built in a superior manner; hot and cold water throughout; gas pipes in house, marble mantles in parlors, the house in thorough repair. Terms, one-half cash; balance in one year.

T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct'r.

mh15

LIVERY STABLE AT AUCTION.—On WEDNESDAY MORNING, March 21st, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, at the stable of KETTERSON & CO., who are retiring from business, First street, above Smithfield, the entire stock, comprising 4 fine Carriage Horses, 2 large Omnibuses and 2 single Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Robes, Horse Clothing, Bells, Curling Boxes, Office Furniture, &c. Special attention is called to this sale, the stock being nearly new and in fine condition, and will be sold without reserve. Terms at sale.

T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct.

mh16

SIXTH WARD LOTS AT AUCTION.—On TUESDAY AFTERNOON, March 20th, at 2½ o'clock, at Masonic Hall Auction Room, 55 and 57 Fifth street, will be sold, Two Lots, Nos. 74 and 76 on Congress street, being Nos. 31 and 32 in plan of Black's heirs, having each a front of 20 feet, extending back 90 feet 5 inches. These are very desirable Building Lots, and in one of the best and most convenient places in the city. Terms, one-half cash; balance in one year.

T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct'r.

mh17

INSURANCE STOCK.—TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at 2½ o'clock, will be sold at 55 and 57 Fifth street,

32 shares Pennsylvania Insurance Stock.

mh17 T. A. McCLELLAND, Auct.

MANUFACTURERS.

INDUSTRIAL WORKS.

HUGH M. BOLE ..... HUNTER ORR.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

FOUNDERS, ENGINE BUILDERS AND MACHINISTS; Manufacturers of Land and Marine ENGINES, BOILERS, TANKS, OIL STILLS, WELL ENGINES, and every kind of Machinery, made to order. All work warranted. CASTINGS of every description made to order. Repairing Machinery promptly attended to.

Office and Warehouse, corner of POINT ALLEY AND BANK OF ALLEGHENY RIVER, near the Point, Pittsburgh, Pa. fe22:6mdx

ARSENAL GLASS WORKS.

MODES, RYRIE & CO.,

Manufacturers of BLACK and GREEN GLASS WARE, Druggists' Ware, Bottles, Demijohns, Carboys, &c. Warehouse—No. 144 WATER STREET, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Penna.

We warrant our Wares to be superior to any manufactured west of the Mountains. Always on hand, Glassware of the above description. All orders promptly attended to. Particular attention paid to private moulds. au2:1y

S. SEVERANCE, No. 58 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh, manufacturer of BOILER RIVETS AND SPIKES, common and railroad of every description.

Particular sized or shaped Spikes and Rivets, large or small, made to order at short notice. A good assortment constantly on hand.

THOS. F. COLLINS ..... OMER WRIGHT

COLLINS & WRIGHT, Britannia Rivet and Metal Workers, and Manufacturers, Carbon and Lard Oil Burners, and all other styles of Britannia used by Glass Manufacturers Orders promptly filled. No. 139 SECOND STREET Pittsburgh, Penna. oct:1y

MEDICAL.

FORTY YEARS PRACTICE
IN SEXUAL DISEASES

Gives me a knowledge seldom acquired by Physicians. My long residence in this city, and the amount of patients treated annually by me, are sufficient proof of my success.

SPERMATORRHŒA, or Sexual Weakness, and all diseases arising therefrom, are cured in much shorter time than heretofore by my NEW VEGETABLE REMEDIES. Medicines sent to any part of the Union. All letters must contain a stamp for return postage. Correspondence held sacred. Office, 84 SMITHFIELD STREET, near

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, MARCH 20, 1866.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Oil Items.

WASH. MCCLINTOCK FARM.—A new well was struck yesterday on Lease No. 188. The Central Petroleum Company own the land interest—Mr. G. K. Anderson, of Petroleum Centre, and Mr. Geo. H. Clark, of Titusville, the working interest. The testing was begun on the 14th, and yesterday the oil began to reward the successful owners. The well gives every indication of being one of the best on the farm. Paradoxical as it may seem, a new well is not a new thing on this farm or to these operators.

ANOTHER FLOWING WELL.—The Pithole *Record* says: "Flow well No. 1, Copeland Reserve, Pithole Creek Petroleum Company's tract of the Morey farm, which has been down about a week, but has been unfortunate in the way of bursting seed bags, &c., commenced pumping and flowing yesterday morning, and is now producing, according to estimate, about three hundred barrels per day. The Copeland Reserve has been among the most productive of our numerous producing tracts."—*Titusville Herald.*

Three Cheers for old Finley Township —Copperheadism Played out—Union Party's Triumphant.

EDITORS GAZETTE:—You will recollect that this township gave a larger majority against our brave soldiers having a vote, than any other in the county—but on Friday we made a flank movement on the Copperheads, and took possession of the field—raking them with canister front and rear. They had their whole force drilled and on the field, but it "wouldn't take." The reason they did not beat us was—they hadn't enough votes! We elected a Justice of the Peace, Judge of election, two Supervisors and Inspector, all of the officers we cared about. So you may look for a majority of from 12 to 20 for the gallent Gen. Geary, next October, in old Finley. GEO. BURNS.

Cheap Dry Goods.—Our Allegheny readers need scarcely be reminded of the fact that Mr. William Semple, the well known and enterprising dry goods dealer, of Federal street, always sells at the lowest rates. His sales are immense, and he can afford to make his profits light. He has now on hand a splendid assortment of goods of every description in his line, and our Allegheny patrons should by all means examine his stock and ascertain his prices before purchasing elsewhere. Those who do so at this House can rely upon receiving a full equivalent for their money at all times.

Snow Storm.—On Sunday night, about eleven o'clock, snow began to fall, and, with but little intermission, continued until about nine o'clock yesterday morning. At three o'clock in the afternoon, the mercury stood at forty-seven degrees, and the snow was disappearing rapidly. Sleighs were out during the afternoon and evening, and the boys, as usual, made nuisances of themselves by snow-balling the passers-by.

Newspaper Improvement.—The American *Standard*, published at Uniontown, Pa., comes to us this week in an enlarged and improved form. The paper is ably conducted by Messrs. Boyd and Johnston, and is deserving of the hearty support of the citizens of Fayette and adjoining counties. Any of our business men wishing to extend their trade in that region will find the *Standard* an excellent advertising medium.

Drew the Set.—Mrs. J. M. Hoover, of Sheffield street, Manchester, was the fortunate holder of the ticket which drew the elegant chamber set at Masonic Hall last night. The number to which the set belonged was 129, but as it was not drawn from the box, the prize was given to the holder of the highest number. Mrs. H. held 130.

St. Charles Hotel Furniture.—It appears that we were in error yesterday morning in stating that any of the St. Charles furniture would be disposed of at private sale. That Prince of Auctioneers, Tom McClelland, will wield the hammer over every article of it, commencing to-morrow morning.

Passing Counterfeit Money.—Alderman Strain last night committed a man, in the name of Dry, for passing a counterfeit twenty dollar greenback on McCrum & Glyde, receiving sixteen dollars in change.

Larceny of an Overcoat.—John McCall was arrested yesterday for the larceny of an overcoat from James Tyler in the Ninth Ward. Mayor McCarthy committed the prisoner to jail to answer.

The Common Pleas.—The case of Metz vs. the McClintockville Petroleum Company, before reported, is still on trial. Judge Stewart will charge the jury this morning.

Gone to Cairo.—The iron-clad monitor Umpqua, built by Messrs. Snowdon and Mason of this city, left on Saturday last for Cairo. She was taken out by a tug boat.

Wool Growers' Convention.—The Wool Growers' will meet in convention, at Harrisburg, on Wednesday next. Business of importance will be transacted.

Refusing to Assist an Officer.—Martin Glynn was last night held to bail by Mayor McCarthy for refusing to assist officer Thomas-Adley in making an arrest.

DIED.

McMILLEN—On Sunday, March 18th, WILLIAM McMILLEN, in the 8th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his son-in-law, Wm. J. Clark, corner of Webster and Shelby streets, Seventh Ward, at 2 o'clock THIS AFTERNOON, to proceed to Allegheny Cemetery. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

ANDERSON—Mrs. JANE ANDERSON, wife of John Anderson, in the 57 year of her age.

The funeral will take place THIS AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her husband, 74 Corry street, Allegheny City. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

CEMETERIES.

HILLDALE CEMETERY.—A rural and most picturesque place of Sepulture, situate on the highlands, immediately south of Allegheny City, on the New Brighton Road. Persons wishing to select Burial Lots will apply at the Superintendent's office, at the Cemetery. The Yards, Permits and all other business will be attended to at the Drug Warehouse of the undersigned, corner of Federal and Lescock streets, Allegheny.

GEO. A. KELLY,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

"THE PRESS.

IT DI-PRESSES KNOWLEDGE, DE-PRES-SES ERROR, DE-PRESSES TYRANNY, OP-PRESSES NONE, AND EX-PRESSES THE TRUTH when it says that the LARGEST and BEST assortment of READY-MADE

BOOTS & SHOES

IN THE CITY

IS TO BE FOUND AT

GARDINER'S

CONCERT HALL SHOE STORE

No. 60 Fifth St.,

Where Goods are Warranted, Repaired Free and sold Cheaper than any other Establishment in the City.

mh12

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

AT McCALLUM'S,

No. 78 Fourth Street,

THE LATEST PATTERNS OF

Velvet, Brussels and Ingrain

CARPETS.

Embroidered and Fine Printed

PIANO COVERS.

Rugs, Canton Mattings, &c.,

Imported directly by us at present low rates of Gold, and purchased of Manufacturers, and at recent auction sales, at greatly REDUCED PRICES.

W. D. & H. McCALLUM.

mh20

CARPETS,

Lace and Damask Curtains.

We are now receiving our SPRING STOCK, including choice lines of ENGLISH CARPETS of our own importation, and comprising the most extensive and complete assortment of every description of goods in our line that we have ever had the pleasure of offering to our customers.

Large purchases having been made with GOLD at lowest rates, we are enabled to offer the BEST STYLES IN THE MARKET AT A REDUCTION OF FROM TEN TO TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER YARD from prices of last season.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

71 and 73 Fifth St., 2d floor,

Next building to U. S. Custom House and Post-office. feb1

ROBINSON, McCLEAN & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

No. 75 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh,

Dealers in all kinds of Government Securities, Gold and Silver, Uncurrent Bank Notes, Foreign and Domestic Exchange, etc., etc., etc.

Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections made in all parts of the United States on most favorable terms.

Orders executed with ispatch for everything in the business at the Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh Brokers' Boards strictly on commission.

Draw on H. CLEWS & CO., New York, J. COOKE & CO., Philadelphia; Messrs. C. D. & T. H. PERKINS, Bosteon.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

MONDAY, March 19, 1866.

Gold has still further declined, fluctuating in New York to-day between 128 and 129, the lowest point it has reached for about twelve months. Government bonds are firm, and in demand, with an upward tendency.

In our market there was but little done today. Bank stocks are in demand and firm, but the extreme views of holders has a tendency to retard operations. Insurance stocks dull and neglected, and the same remarks will apply to oils. We can report a sale of Union Refining & Storing at 9; and we are cognizant of Columbia having been offered at 20, to-day, without finding a buyer. Until the oil market improves materially, there is not much show for oil stocks.

—The Chicago *Tribune*, of Saturday, contains the following in reference to the discovery of forged warehouse receipts in that city:

"There was considerable excitement on Change to-day in consequence of the discovery that forged warehouse receipts for grain, were afloat. When the fact was first announced, there was uneasiness experienced by bankers and commission merchants, whose business consists to a great extent in making advances on grain, and a close examination of signatures was the result; but when the full particulars were known, business went on as usual.

"Up to the present writing it has been found out that forged receipts for 6500 bushels of wheat were sold at the Treuhent House yesterday evening, and that, after passing through several hands, the forgery was this morning detected and the money refunded by the party who made the sale yesterday evening.

"It has often been a matter of wonder with us that the forgery of grain-warehouse receipts was never before attempted in this market. These receipts are generally printed on plain type on common paper, and they are always signed by clerks—at least we have never seen one signed by any of the proprietors of the elevators. It is a very easy matter for a forger to get the blanks printed in any job-printing office, and there is no difficulty in forging the signatures of the clerks who sign them. But, notwithstanding this, our merchants and bankers have handled hundreds of millions of dollars' worth of these receipts without a doubt being expressed as to their being genuine. This is wrong. In the first place, these warehouse receipts ought to be engraved and printed as carefully as a bank bill, on paper that can not be easily obtained or counterfeited. In the second place, every receipt should bear the genuine signature of the firm which issued it, and not that of a mere employee. It is true, that generally speaking, the principal is bound by the acts of his agent, but we all remember the Schuiyer frauds, and the refusal of his principals to refund. We trust our warehousemen and business men will not let this matter pass without instituting a reform. These receipts pass from hand to hand as freely as bank bills, and they ought to be gotten up in such a manner as to make it a difficult matter to counterfeit them.

—According to the report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, there were produced in Pennsylvania during the six months next preceding January 1st, 1866, 1,020,126 barrels of petroleum, or an average of about 5,500 barrels per day. The amount inspected at present is estimated to be 9,000 barrels, by those whose facilities for knowing are best, and distributed as follows, viz:

Oil Creek and Tributaries, Bennenoff Run, and Cherry Run..... 5,000 bbls
Pit-Hole Creek..... 2,500 bbls
Allaghany River, West Hickory Creek, and Dennis Run..... 1,500 bbls
Total daily production..... 9,000 bbls

In the above estimate no account is made of the new barrels daily produced on Ferech and Sugar Creeks, or the Clarion River. Nor is allowance made for the amount—estimated by Mr. Reed in his valuation to be 10,26 per cent—consumed as fuel, waste at the wells, and loss by evaporation.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
MONDAY, March 19, 1866.

The inclement condition of the weather had a tendency to retard out-door operations today, and the general markets were devoid of life or animation, the demand for produce generally being very light, and restricted to supplying the immediate wants of the retail trade. Prices, however, there is no change worthy of special notice.

GRAIN—There is no demand for Wheat, and the market is dull and prices nominally unchanged. A car common Red sold at $1.80. Oats quiet and unchanged—quoted at 60@61 on track, and 63@65 for small lots from store. Corn in very good demand—one car prime sold at 82. Nothing doing in Rye or Barley.

FLOUR—Is steady, with a fair local demand and unchanged. We continue to quote at $9@$9.50 for Spring; $9.50@$9.75 for half Spring and half Winter, and $10@$10.50 for all Winter. Sales of Extra Family Mill Star at $9@$9.50, and No. 1 do grade Spring at $8@$8.50. Rye Flour is dull, with small sales at $5@$5.50. Cornmeal is quoted at $3@$3.50 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is dull but unchanged; small sales at 16c for Shoulders; 18½ for Ribbed Sides; 18½ for Clear sides, and 20@22 for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is quiet but firm at 18@18½ for prime kettle. Small sales of Mess Pork at $28@28½ per bbl.

SEEDS—Clover seed is dull and nominal at $6@6½ for small lots, and Timothy Seed is quoted at $3@4. Flaxseed in selling at $2.75.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—Isaiah Dickey & Co report a sale of 55 bales Middling Georgia Cotton at 35c—the largest sale that has been made in this market for over five years.

BUTTER—In good demand, and prime to choice Roll may be fairly quoted at 45 to 50 —sale of 9 bbls prime Roll at 50.

POTATOES—In good supply, and a little dull but unchanged, at $1,15@1,20 per bushel, and $3 per bbl.

ONIONS—Dem and more active, and prices a shade higher, with sales reported at 2½@3 per dozen.

CHEESE—Is quiet and unchanged at 20 to 21 for common to prime, and 24@25 for Goshen.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples are selling at from 13 to 15c for prime new crop. Peaches dull and unchanged at 15 to 20, for quarters and halves.

GREEN APPLES—Sale of 67 barrels at $8 per barrel.

BEANS—Continue to arrive pretty freely, but there is no change in prices as yet—small sales from store at $2½@2 per bush.

HAY—Baled Hay is exceedingly dull, and may be fairly quoted at $20 to $24 per ton. Loose, is selling at $15 to $18.

OIL—No. 1 Lard, city make, is quoted at $1,75, while Cincinnati brands are held at $1,85@1,85 per gallon.

ONIONS—Dull; occasional small sales from store at $2½ per bbl.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
MONDAY, March 19, 1866.

CRUDE—The Crude oil presents a problem, one which both buyers and sellers have been endeavoring for weeks to solve, but thus far both have been unsuccessful. The former, if satisfied that the lowest point had been reached, would buy pretty freely, while the latter, if convinced that prices will go still lower, would sell very freely, and thus, it will be seen, both are in the dilemma, and neither know what course to pursue. At present, there is made little inquiry for small lots of good gravity, principally for shipment, and as the stock of this particular kind is very light, it brings an extreme price, say from 15½ to 14, but no large amount for future delivery could be sold at these quotations. We have sales reported of 1,000 bbls, on the spot, at 15½; 1000 bbls, for April and May delivery, sellers option, (40 to 45 gravity) at 13½; and it is said that there was a sale on Saturday of 2,400 bbls. for future delivery, at the same prices. Telegrams from Oil City to-day quote Crude at 13½ to 13¾ per bbl at that point.

REFINED—Bonded Oil continues dull and weak, though there is still considerable inquiry for future delivery, but our refiners do not seem satisfied with the figures named, and consequently, we have but very few transactions to record. For Philadelphia deliveries, the following rates were offered to-day: 28c, on the spot; 40 for April; 41 for May; 45 for June, and 48 for July, which shows a decline of from one to two cents per gallon, as compared with the early part of last week. We can report a sale of 1000 bbls, for April delivery, in Philadelphia, at 40. Free Oil is dull and entirely nominal—no demand except for supplying the wants of the local trade.

NAPTHA AND RESIDUUM—The demand for Residuum continues very light, and in the absence of sales, we quote nominally at 4@4½ per bbl. Naptha is utterly neglected, and some of our refiners talk of running it off in their waste pipes.

ARRIVALS—The arrivals of Crude by the Allegheny river since our last report, were as follows:

Fisher & Bro.	2341	Jas. Wilkins	691
L. T. Stockdale	132	Jas. Mawhinney	1500
Baxter & Ellison	777		
Total			5371

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, March 17.—The market is very quiet for all grades, and prices gradually settling down as the currency approximates a gold basis. Fine wool has declined some 8@10c from the highest previous rates of the season. The decline has been much accelerated by the dullness of the goods market; and if a good business should start up in that department, even at this late period of the season, there would doubtless be a favorable reaction and partial recovery of prices in the wool market.

Sales of domestic for the week foot up some 450,000 lbs, at a range of 46@75 for fleece, and 40@70c for various grades of pulled. Included are lots of low and medium Western fleece at 45@56c; fine do at 60@65c; and choice lots do, as well as Pennsylvania and West Virginia, at 70@75c; including Picklock. Nothing consequence done in Canada or Pacific wools. Foreign descriptions have been unsettled by the decline in gold, and the new clip of South America, especially, is offering at materially reduced rates. We quote Mestiza pilot and lamb at 28@37c. Cape is scarce and nominal at a range of 35@42c.—*Bulletin.*

New York Wool Market.

NEW YORK, March 17.—Clover remains dull, and prices of all but strictly prime seed continue to decline. The sales are 800 bags at 8½c for Ohio, 9½ for Pennsylvania, and 10@11 for good to prime State. Timothy is very quiet, with only small sales at $3.25@3.75. The receipts of flax are light, but the demand is very limited; 350@400 bags have sold at $3.30@3.40. We note sales in Boston of 3000 bags and 1500 pockets Calcutta Linseed, at $3.30, currency.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Stocks, Dry Goods and Money.

STOCKS.

NEW YORK, March 19.—At the second board, stocks were heavy with a general decline, equal to 1 per cent. on the leading stocks, caused by the consideration of the loan bill. At the close there was a sharp rally on the railway list. The market was all improved, from the lowest point. The following were the closing prices at 4.30 p. m.: New York Central, 92; Erie, 81¾; Hudson River, 106; Reading, 99¾; Michigan Central, 103; Michigan Southern, 80¾; Illinois Central, 116¾; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 80; North Western, 25¾; do preferred, 53¾; Rock Island, 144; Fort Wayne, 91; Toledo, 108; Missouri Sixes, 72½; Tennessee Sixes, 59; Five-Twenties, 103¾; Western Union Telegraph, 82¼.

GOLD AND MONEY.

The money market remained easy to the close at 5@6 per cent. on call, with the bulk of the business at the inside rates. The gold market became very weak towards the close, and fell off to 127¾, but afterwards rallied to 128¼.

Gold and Mining stocks inactive. Alten and Pacific, 3,00; Corydon, 2,70; Grinnell, 1,40; Kipp and Buell, 3,30; Montana, 98.

PETROLEUM.

Petroleum stocks are quiet and steady, except United States, which fluctuates; Bennethoff, 15,20; Central, 3,00; United States, 11,50@13,50; Pithole, 4,95, Shade River, 4.10.

DRY GOODS.

The following are the latest quotations and dispatches at the New York Dry Goods Exchange, jobbers prices: Brown Sheetings—Atlantic A, 25½; Atlantic D, 23; Bartholomew H, 17; Bartholomew O, 21. Bleached Shirtings—Bates, 40; Bates B & B, 42; Forest Pac, 36. Prints—Pacific, 19; Sprague, 19; Richmond, 18; Amoskeag, 16. Deinines—Manchester, 22½; Pacific, 23½. Cambricks—Manville, 18; Portland, 15. Canton Flannels—Salmon Falls, 35; Laconia, Falls, 35. Ticks—Kelleyville B, 36; do C, 35, do D, 30. Stripes—Eagle, 30; American, 26; Arcagahna, 25. Denims—Hope, 36; Stark, 32. Duppex Elliptic, 20 to 50 hoops, 87½c to $1.05; Empress Trail, $1.25.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Cotton heavy and unsettled at 40@41c for Middling. Flour dull, unsettled, irregular, and 10@25c lower, at $7,50@7,60 for Extra State, $8,20@8,25 for Extra R. H. O., and $8,50@11 for Trade Brands, the market closing heavy. Whisky quiet; Western, @27½. Wheat dull and drooping and 2@3c lower; No. 1 Chicago Spring at about $1,66. Rye, $1,20. Barley and Barley Malt dull and nominal. Corn dull and 1@3c lower at 69@73c for unsound, and 75@76c for sound Mixed Western, both in store and delivered. Oats dull and lower at 35@40c for unsound Western, and 53c for sound, do. Coffee dull. Sugar dull; Cuba Muscovado, 10¾@10½c; Havana, 11½c. Molasses dull; Porto Rico, 70c. Petroleum dull at 25@28c for Crude, and 40c for Refined in bond. Pork opened heavy and lower, but closed more firmly at $25,75@26,12½ for New Mess, closing at $26 cash; $26 for Old, do., and $21,25 for Prime. Beef quiet. New Mess; sellers and buyers option, at $26@30,50. Beef steady at $16 for New Plain Mess, and $20,50@24, for Extra Mess. Beef Hams heavy, at 32@33c. Cut Meats unchanged, at 11½@12½c for sides, and 16¾@18¾c for Hams. Bacon—Cumberland Cut at 15c. Lard dull, lower, at 17¾@18c for prime, and 18¾@19c for prime kettle rendered. Cut Meats, neglected. Petroleum, 30. Hides and Wool, unchanged. Whisky, $2,21@2,23.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Flour is very dull. Wheat dull, and declined 1@2½c; sales at $1,48½ for No. 1, and 87@90c for No. 2. Corn dull and declined 1½c, sales at 69@70c for No. 1, and 65c for Rejected. Oats dull, at 24@24½c for No. 1. Provisions steady; Mess Pork $28@28,50. Lard, 18c. Hams, 16@16½c. Hogs quiet at Saturday's quotations; Highwines nominal at 22@23c. Receipts—Flour, 3,300 bbls; Wheat, 10,000 bushels; Corn 3,300; Oats, 4,400; Hogs, 1,000. Shipments—Flour, 3,300 bbls.; Wheat, 12,500; Corn, 3,600 bushels, Oats, 3,600 bushels.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, March 19.—Cotton, 35c for middling. Flour very dull and declined heavy, but unchanged. Mess Pork easy at $26,50@27, prime mess $23,50. Bacon unchanged. Lard steady at 16¾@17¼.

Boston Fish Market.

BOSTON, March 17.—Sales of Grand Bank and Bay Fundy at $4@4,25 per qtl for mackerel and large codfish, and $3,75@4,25 per qtl. The new catch of Georges continues to arrive. Sales here at $7,25@7,50, and $6,75@7 for whole; fares at Gloucester and other outports. Hake are scarce at $3,00@3,50. Pollock is dull at $2,50 loose, and $3,50@3,75 per qtl, packed.

Mackerel are steady and in fair demand, with considerable receipts from the Provinces of late, in anticipation of new and less liberal trade relations. Sales at $17@17,50 for No. 1; $12@12,50 for shore; $15,50@16 for No. 2, and $14 for No. 3. Alewives are selling at $2,50 per bbl and pickled herring at $3@3,50 per bbl for common and Labrador. Smoked Herring are selling at 5@6c per box for Nos. 1 and 2. Salmon are nominal at $14@20 per tierce.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO, R. R., March 19—20 do clear pails, R Hinkle; 40 do do do, Miller & Richardson; 1 car barley, D Wallace; 321 bags millfeed, J Glenn; 4 obls butter, J Coffman; 10 bbls do, C Gretzinger; 50 do do, J Mc Laughlin; 3 kgs lard Kirkpatrick & Herron; 194 obls apples, E Sharer; 1 bx onions, Sharer & Wagner; 100 bbls flour W Lindsey; 50 do do, E Heazelton; 17 obls barley, Shugeon, & co; 37 bdls paper, McCullough, Smith & co; 19 do do, A H English; 56 bbls apples, 75 bbls potatoes, J H Voigt & co; 520 bdls paper, Hartman & Lare; 200 bbls flour, Shomaker & Lang.

ALLEGHENY STATION, March 18.—1 car mill feed, Gilmore, Simpson & co; 2 pbbls eggs, Stewart, Gallagher & co; 1 car potatoes, Hastings; 10 bbls flour, Hahn & Riddle; 43 do do, House of Refuge; 2 bbls eggs, R & A Carson; 14 obls oats, Mc Mullen; 30 bbls apples, Wilson, Stevenson & co; 2 bbls molasses, A Clark; 15 bbls flour, W H Kirkpatrick; 15 do do, 200 sks mill feed, J & W Fairley; 12 bbls seed, W P Beck & co; 2 cars lumber, John Nance; 16 caddies tobacco, Jas Mazurie; 1 hhd tobacco, F A Maans; 2 bxs tobacco, J L Read.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI R. R. March 19.—79 sks barley, F Shields; 1 car corn, J & W Fairley; 214 sks barley, Z Wainwright; 7 caddies tobacco, P H McKenna; 3 bxs tools, J Floyd & co; 200 bbls flour, Jas Gardiner; 11 pkgs lard, 6 bbls eggs, 5 bbls flaxseed, J H Voigt & co.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

CINCINNATI—PER NORA.—58 bales cotton, 10 pkgs sundries, 20 bbls oil, 1 Dodge; 58 hids shoulders, 16 tcs cut leaf do, 10 do lard, 5 Sellers & co; 15 bbls oil 12 pkgs sundries, Jas Dalzell; 25 tcs greece, J Lippincott, 12 pkgs glassware, W McCulley & co; 6 cases tobacco, N & Y R; 5 bbls oil, Shriver & Lazear; 4 boxes frames, R R Bulger; 25 bales cotton, A Childs & co; 11 pkgs furniture, Lemon & Weise; 20 bbls lunar stuff, T B Young & co; 200 bags meal Keil & Ritchard; 33 bxs sundries, J W Hunn; 8 bxs tobacco, G & J McClurg; 18 bags feathers, R H King; 7 do do, S Ewart & co; 15 bxs bitters R E Sellers & co; 300 empty bbls, Fisher & Bro; 12 bdls bellows 6 do ends, E Emmerson & co; 5 bbls oil, J O'Handlin; 153 hides, Springer Pierpaugh & co; 13 bdls bungs, J H Archer & co; case tobacco, R W Jenkinson; 2 do do, oil, Little, Baird & Co; 20 caddies Head & Metzgar; 4 bbls oil, M W P cases tobacco, M A Jones & co.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Lexi Leoti.....Hamilton.....Parkersburg.
Silver Cloud.....Ingram.....Kanawha.
Nora.....Devinney.....Cincinnati.

DEPARTURES.

Bayard.....Moore.....Parkersburg.
Leni Leoti.....Hamilton.....Oil City.
Carrie Brooks...Darlington...Marietta.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Leni Leoti.....Hamilton.....Parkersburg.
America.....Goulding.....New Orleans.

RIVER, WEATHER, ETC.

The river continues to recede slowly at this point, with scant ten feet in the channel by the Allegheny marks last evening. The weather yesterday was raw and unpleasant, rendering out-door operations almost out of the question. Snow to the depth of five or five inches fell during Sunday night and Monday forenoon.

The Silver Cloud, from St. Louis, is the only transient arrival we have to record. The Emma Graham, it is said will will not be here this week, having been detained by high water in the Muskingum. She may possibly get in in time to leave again this evening, but it is hardly probable.

There was not a single departure for below aside from the regular packets. The America would have got off for New Orleans had it not been for the unfavorable turn in the weather; Capt. Goulding says, however, to get off this evening without fail.

Orders, it is said, have been received from Washington prohibiting the shipment of crude or refined petroleum on steamers, and all boats now in port loading have been or will be obliged to send ship[illegible] already under the shippers. This [illegible] is, we presume, in view of the fact that one or two steamboat disasters recently have been attributed to the boats having gasoline on board.

The Nora, arrived from Cincinnati, last evening with an excellent trip, and to the clerk, Mr. Wm. Hockstock, we are under obligations for late New York papers and market. Capt. H. H. Devinney is still in command.

The Leclaire cleared for Oil City last evening, with a moderate freight list, but a very fair number of passengers.

The following boats are now in port loading: Financier, Capt. Darragh, for New Orleans; Arrow, Capt. Todd, for St. Louis; Kentuckian, Capt. Thomdton, for Cincinnati and Louisville; Camelia, Capt. Lytle, for Nashville; Ariel, Capt. Spalding, for New Orleans; Savanna, Capt. Jolly, for the Upper Mississippi.

The Armenia, en route from Pittsburgh to New Orleans, passed Memphis on Thursday last.

"Carrie Brooks" is the name selected for a very neat and pretty steamer just completed here by Capt. Jim Darlington, for the Muskingum river trade—to ply as a regular packet between Zanesville and Parkersburg. The "Carrie" is without doubt, one of the handsomest boats that has been at our landing for some time, and she is fitted out and furnished in a style, considerably ahead of anything ever seen on the Muskingum river. Her dimensions are 140 feet in length; 29 feet beam, and depth of hold 5 feet. She has three boilers, furnished by Carroll Snyder; 28 feet in length by 28 inches in diameter—engines, 14 inches in diameter, and 4 feet 7 inches stroke. The cabin, which is very neat and tasteful in design, was put up by Gullett; painting, by J. C. Boyd; furniture, by T. B. Young & Co.; stoves, by Graff & Hugus, and chandeliers, by Ross & Co. The carpets, which are of very fine quality, and present a very rich appearance, were furnished by Messrs. McFarland & Collins; and, in a word, no expense has been spared in making her what she is, a neat, staunch and pretty passenger steamer, and she is admirably adapted for the trade for which she was designed and built.

Capt. Darlington, more familiarly known as "Old Grey" has been boating about fifteen years on the Muskingum River, and has the reputation of being a very popular and affable officer. We wish him and his new boat all the success he could possibly desire. She will leave for Marietta early this morning.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Day Express	2:20 a m	Mail	1:50 a m
Altoona Accom'n	11:40 a m	Fast Line	2:40 a m
Cincinnati Exp's	9:30 a m	1st Wall Accom'n	6:20 a m
Mail	11:30 a m	Penn Ac'n No 1	7:55 a m
Phil'a Express	4:10 p m	2d Wall Accom	8:30 a m
Johnstown Ac'n	4:20 p m	Johnst'n Accom.	10:10 a m
Fast Line	10:00 p m	Phila Erie Mail	12:35 p m
1st Wall Accom.	6:30 a m	Baltimore Exp's	1:40 p m
2d " "	10:45 a m	3d Wall Accom	1:30 p m
3d " "	3:15 p m	Cincinnati Express	2:05 p m
4th Wall's Ac'n	6:05 p m	Wall's Ac'n No 4	6:05 p m
Penn Ac'n No 1	10:30 p m	Altoona Accom. & Emigt Trains	10:50 p m

The church train' eaves Walls' Station every Sunday at 9:00 a. m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 2:50 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Fast Line	2:50 a m	Fast Line	9:00 a m
Mail	6:20 a m	Mail	3:50 p m
Express	2:20 p m	Express	1:10 a m
Steubenville Accommodation	4:15 p m	Steubenville Accommodation	10:10 a m

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Express	a m	Express	2:05 a m
Express	5:5 p m	Express	9:15 p m
Express	2:30 p m	Express	8:25 p m
Mail	7:15 a m	Mail	6:14 p m
Wheeling Exp's	5:15 p m		

New Brighton Accommodation leaves Allegheny depot at 9 a. m., 1:30 p. m., 4:30 p. m., and 5:40 p. m.

Rochester, 2:15 p. m.; New Castle, 3:50 p. m.; Economy, 10:30 p. m.; Wellsville, 4:40 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Wheeling.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Express	2:23 a m	Express	1:38 p m
Express	10:30 a m	Express	10:15 p m
Mail	6:23 a m	Express	2:2[illegible] a m

Steubenville Accommodation leaves Allegheny at 4 p. m.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Mail	7:00 a m	Mail	6:00 p m
Express	3:00 p m	Express	10:00 a m
Mt. Pleasant Ac'n	4:15 p m	Mt. Pleasant Ac'n	9:30 a m
1st McKeesport	11:30 a m	1st McKeesport	8:50 a m
2d "	10:00 a m	2d "	2:00 p m
Braddock's Ac'n	6:00 p m	Braddock's Ac'n	4:40 p m
Church Train	1:00 p m	Church Train	10:00 a m

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Mail	6:40 a m	Express	11:00 a m
Express	3:10 p m	Mail	6:10 p m
Accommodation	1:40 p m	Accommodation	9:30 a m

Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad, to Oil City and Franklin.

Arrives.	Departs.
4:00 p m	8:00 a m

Harmony Stage, St. Clair St.

Arrives.	Departs.
9½ p. m.	10:00 a m

Butler Stage---No. 3 St. Clair Street.

Arrives.	Departs.
5½ p. m.	9:00 a m

Washington Stage---Hare's Hotel

Arrives.	Departs.
2½ p. m.	6:00 a m

EXCELSIOR OMNIBUS & LIVERY STABLE,

470 PENN STREET.

JAMES DAIS & SON, Proprietors.

OMNIBUSSES AND CARRIAGES furnished for all trains. Also, Carriages for Funerals, Weddings and Parties, at short notice and reasonable rates. DAY AND NIGHT. no7:1vd

SKIRTS.

NEW SKIRT FOR 1866.

BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC

(OR DOUBLE)

SPRING SKIRTS,

Manufactured exclusively by the sole owners of Patent,

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,

97 Chambers, and 79 & 81 Reade Sts.,

NEW YORK.

Each Hoop is composed of TWO finely tempered oil steel wires, twisted tightly and firmly together close to each other, forming the STRONGEST and most FLEXIBLE Hoop made. They will not bend or break like single springs, but will preserve perfectly their gracefulness of shape where three or four ordinary skirts will have been thrown away as useless. For durability, comfort and ease, these hoops combine all the requisites of a perfect skirt, and for ELEGANCE OF SHAPE which has made the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC THE

STANDARD SKIRT

of the fashionable world.

Merchants will be supplied as above and by Pittsburgh Jobbers and ladies in all the first-class retail stores in this city. Inquire for

Bradley's Duplex Elliptic Skirt.

feb23mwdx

ALL STYLES OF THE CELEBRATED

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT

AT LOWEST RETAIL PRICES.

RETAIL DEALERS

supplied by the dozen at lowest rates.

M. RUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street.

ATTORNEYS.

H. C. MACKRELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

AND

U. S. Licensed Soldiers' Claim Agent.

Bounties for Wounded Soldiers collected in fee in twenty days.

Office, No. 84 Third street, Pittsburgh.

Call with Discharge and two witnesses. ap 20

McMASTER, GAZZAM & CO.,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW

Pittsburgh, Pa.

Special attention given to the EXECUTION OF DEEDS, LEASES, MORTGAGES, &c.

Titles to Real Estate in Pennsylvania made in Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia. fe13

MILITARY CLAIMS, PENSIONS,

BOUNTIES, BACK PAY, and Military Claims of every description, collected by the subscriber, at the following rates, viz: For all officers, $5.00. All other claims, $2.50.

C. C. TAYLOR,

Attorney at Law,

Diamond street, opposite the Court House.

N. B.—No charges are made if the claim does not succeed, and all communications given prompt. se6:1y

L. P. STONE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE, 98 DIAMOND STREET, opposite the Court House Pittsburgh, Pa. ja29:1ma

PYRITES.

THE PENNSYLVANIA

SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY

WILL BUY

PYRITES,

OR

Sulphuret of Iron

Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Co's Office,

Corner Pitt Street and Duquesne

STEAMSHIPS.

STEAM TO AND FROM LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN (IRELAND) twice a week. The ONLY sailing

EVERY SATURDAY,

EVERY WEDNESDAY,

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

Tickets sold to and from Ireland, England, Scotland, Germany and France.

Apply at the Company's Offices,

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,

15 Broadway, N. Y.

SUNDRIES.

SUNDRIES, for sale at 185 Liberty street:

DRY PEACHES—20 bbls. large halves.
DRY APPLES—20 bbls. new and old;
WHITE BEANS—20 bbls. prime white;
HOMINY—15 bbls. Flint Hominy;
LIME—150 bbls. White Lime;
SALT—500 bbls. Extra No. 1;
BROOMS—50 dozen new corn.
SHOULDERS—3 bbls. Sorghum Syrup;
BUTTER—4 bbls. and boxes prime roll
CHEESE—5 bbls. and 2 boxes EGGS;
COFFISH—20 bundles;
HERRING—6 bbls. Labrador;
BARLEY—100 sacks Spring.

WM. P. BECK & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Produce Dealers.

SUNDRIES

40 bbls. prime Sorghum;
20 " Pickles, in salt;
40